

The Hongkong Telegraph.

WEATHER FORECAST
SHOWERY.
Barometer 29.75

(ESTABLISHED 1881.)

Copyright, 1912 by the Proprietor.

August 10th, 1912, Temperature a.m. 79, p.m. 88; Humidity...91, 66.

August 10th, 1911, Temperature a.m. 78, p.m. 82; Humidity...95, 87.

No. 8869

庚申初月七年壬

TUESDAY, AUGUST 20, 1912.

二拜禮

號十二月八年港香

\$86 PER ANNUM

SINGAPORE COPY 10 CENTS M.

TELEGRAMS.

TEST CRICKET.

ENGLAND OPEN WELL.

Reuter's
(Service to the "Telegraph.")
London, August 20.
The Test Match between England and Australia opened at Kennington Oval yesterday. The weather was showery and the wicket soft in consequence. There was an attendance of 16,000.

England were first to bat and at the close of the day's play they were 233 up for the loss of eight wickets.

Hobbs knocked up 60, Rhodes 40, and Woolley 62.

THE SCORING QUESTION.
The Board of Control met at the Oval in the afternoon and declared that the winners of this match will be Triangular Champions. If the game is not finished in six days, another meeting of the Board will be held.

THE BALKAN QUESTION.

COMMENT ON AUSTRIAN ACTION.

London, August 19.
Count Berchtold, the Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister, continues to figure most prominently in the Press.

The "Neue Freie Presse" (Vienna) states that Germany, Italy, and Russia have accepted the proposal made by Austria in the Balkans and that Great Britain and France have not yet replied, but it is expected that they will accept.

A section of the French Press insinuates that Count Berchtold's object is to obtain entrance to conversations from which Austria was excluded on the occasion when the Kaiser and M. Poincaré visited Russia.

The attitude of the British Press is cordial but cautious. It complains of the vagueness of the invitation.

BRITAIN ACCEPTS.

London, August 20.
Britain has accepted Austria's proposals.

TROUBLED TURKEY.

THE ALBANIAN REVOLT.

London, August 19.
Reuter's correspondent at Constantinople says it is denied that the Albanians are pillaging Uskub, but they have decided to levy tolls on the inhabitants for the purpose of covering expenses. It is reported that a hundred Albanians have succeeded in arriving at Salonika. The authorities announced that they would arrest them unless they returned to their homes.

RUSSIAN FOREIGN MINISTER.

TO VISIT ENGLAND.

London, August 19.
The Russian Foreign Minister, on the occasion of his visit to Paris (on returning the visit of M. Poincaré to St. Petersburg), will come to England on September 23rd and spend five days at Balmoral.

TURKEY & MONTENEGRO.

London, August 19.
The Turkish account of the Berane affair accuses the Montenegrins of distributing arms to the Christians. The impression is increasing in Constantinople that Montenegro is determined to force a quarrel.

TELEGRAMS.

A MOTOR INCIDENT.

KING'S NARROW ESCAPE.

Reuter's
(Service to the "Telegraph.")
London, August 19.
His Majesty King George was motoring at Skipton when a motor-car, driven by a Mr. Thornton, of Bradford, met him at a bad corner.

Mr. Thornton steered his car into the ditch in order to give the King a clear passage; and later His Majesty shook hands with Mr. Thornton and said he was glad that no-one was hurt.

AUSTRALIAN CRICKETERS.

AN AMERICAN TOUR.

London, August 19.
At the conclusion of the English tour, eleven of the Australian cricketers will visit America to play a series of matches. Macartney, Jennings, Hazlett, Minnett and Crouch (the manager) are not going.

It is hoped that baseball matches will also be arranged.

HOME CRICKET.

London, August 19.
The match between Northamptonshire and Derbyshire at Northampton ended in a win for the former by six wickets.

THE CHINESE REPUBLIC.

UPSHOT OF EXECUTIONS.

(From Chinese Sources.)

Shanghai, August 19.
The State Council has decided to denounce President Yuan and Vice-President Li for their action in the case of Generals Chang Chun-wu and Fong Wai, who have been shot for high treason.

The members of the Jointly Sworn Union in Nanking have been much irritated at the execution of Generals Chang Chun-wu and Fong Wai, and have telegraphed to their fellow members in the various provinces to take steps against President Yuan and Vice-President Li.

BRITISH MINISTER.

It is reported that the British Minister at Peking (Sir John Jordan) has been recalled by his Government.

A RESENTED TAX.

The authorities in Wu-hu have imposed a tax on rice. The Cantonese merchants and the Anhui Provincial Council are strongly opposed to the tax and have asked the Governor-General of Anhui to withdraw the same.

"Shat Po."

NEW FINANCE MINISTER.

Shanghai, August 19.
Chau Hok-hei assumed office as Minister of Finance on the 18th inst.—"Sai Kai Kung Yik Po."

THE PREMIER ILL.

Peking, August 19.
Premier Lu is indisposed and is under treatment at the French Hospital.

TRIBUTE OF WORSHIP.

President Yuan has personally written an "address of worship," and sent his son, Yuan Hui-ting, with it to worship the late General Chang Chun-wu.—"Sai Kai Kung Yik Po."

TELEGRAMS.

PEKING EXECUTIONS.

A SERIOUS CRISIS.

Reuter's
(Service to the "Telegraph.")
London, August 20.
A crisis is arising in Peking owing to President Yuan Shih-kai having had two Hankow generals summarily decapitated on a charge of promoting a fresh Revolution.

Southerners are furious and have induced the Assembly to demand explanations, failing which they will impeach President Yuan or the whole Government.

DOMESTIC TRAGEDY.

EX-CAPTAIN RUNS AMOK.

London, August 20.
There was a terrible tragedy at Eastbourne last night. Captain Sicks Murray, formerly of the Army, shot his two children, another child and a woman dead, dangerously wounded his wife, set fire to the house and then committed suicide.

It appears that the bodies were placed in a line and saturated with oil. They were charred beyond recognition.

A letter was found in a vase saying "Ruined; have killed all dependent upon me." The letter was not signed.

It is stated that Captain Murray had a sunstroke in India and has suffered from constant insomnia.

TURCO-ITALIAN WAR.

London, August 19.
A telegram from the Dardanelles, despatched on the 17th inst., states that the Italian Fleet appeared at night off Tenedos, close to the Dardanelles.

ARCHBISHOP'S ACTION.

£1,000 Libel Case in Australia is Brought to an End.

Dr. Clarke, Archbishop of Melbourne, has just been successful in a libel action against Mr. John Norton, proprietor of "Truth" (Sydney), obtaining a verdict by consent for £1,000 with costs, the defendant apologising and withdrawing the article complained of.

The matter arose over the action taken by Archbishop Clarke in connection with Canon Nash, a former English clergyman, subsequently beneficed in Australia. Canon Nash had given up work in England, it was alleged, in certain circumstances, and the Archbishop, after it was shown at the trial of the libel action, treating him with every consideration in his attempts to fulfil his Australian duties adequately, had demurred to his continuing to occupy a certain position. The circumstances in which Canon Nash left England were found by the Archbishop, his counsel stated, on subsequent investigation, not to have been substantiated.

The article complained of by the Archbishop said among other remarks of a similar tenor: "As chief of the Anglicans in Victoria you're an Antipodean anomaly; as a Churchman you're a croak; and as a man a moral mongrel." Now, the mere mention of the name of Nash must make you malevolently mow your moustachios and grind and gnash your grinders.

"Prompted by malicious motives of professional pique and personal prejudice, you sought to defile and degrade a brother clergyman by bullying him out of the pulpit in order to place him in the pillory."

TELEGRAMS.

THE INSURANCE ACT.

APPRENTICES' PROTEST.

Reuter's
(Service to the "Telegraph.")
London, August 19.
Engineer apprentices in Scotland to the number of 3,000 have struck in protest against the Insurance Act.

The apprentices at Glasgow have sent an ultimatum to Mr. Lloyd George, by telegraph, demanding that he amend the Act or resign.

THE ULSTER DISPUTE.

SIR E. CARSON'S REJOINDER.

London, August 19.

Sir Edward Carson, replying to Mr. Churchill, says Ulstermen are only fighting to escape from abandonment to those they rightly abhor. The betrayal of Ulstermen is unprecedented. Whatever the disastrous consequences be, the fault lies with the originators of the Government's policy.

LATE TELEGRAMS.

(From Manila Papers.)

Panama Canal Bill.

Washington, August 13.—The conferees between committees of the Senate and House on the Panama Canal bill indicate, contrary to expectation, that the House will concur in the co-wisdom amendments added by the Senate and protested by the British government.

Attacks on the bill continue with unusual vigour. Many newspapers attack the measure in strong language, characterizing the action of the Senate as incredible folly and wanton selfishness. Opposition now centres in the House but it appears that the bill will have a majority favourable to it despite the strong fight that is being made.

Opposed to Intervention.

Washington, August 14.—President Taft and Secretary of State Knox conferred last night over the possibility of intervention by the United States in Nicaragua. This morning a special session of the entire cabinet will be held to consider the matter.

The desirability of intervention has been expressed to the President by American financial interests which are heavily involved in Nicaragua. The breaking of the armistice by the rebels followed by their bombardment on the 12th of Managua, the capital, has given point to their arguments. It is well known that the work of the new American financial commission in Nicaragua is practically at a standstill.

President Taft's political advisers are opposed to intervention, and have warned him that such a move would give the democrats another anti-imperialism cry to use in the present campaign.

Tariff Wool Bill.

Washington, August 14.—By a vote of 174 to 80, or the necessary two-thirds with four to spare, the House of Representatives last night passed the law tariff wool bill over President Taft's veto. Its passage by the necessary two-thirds in the Senate is doubtful. Borah of Idaho and Bristow of Kansas are working actively in its behalf, but they will have great difficulty in mustering the required two-thirds.

Underwood, floor leader, faced serious defections in his own ranks. Many Democrats who have wool constituencies refused to vote. Others paired with Republicans who were opposed to the bill but were afraid to vote in the open. The progressive Republicans also split on the measure. Over 130 members absented themselves from the roll call.

TELEGRAMS.

PANAMA CANAL BILL.

BRITISH REPRESENTATIONS.

Reuter's
(Service to the "Telegraph.")
London, August 19.
The "Times" Washington correspondent reports that the British Charge d'Affaires has made earnest informal representations to President Taft against any step being taken that the temper of the American people may make it difficult to retract.

PHYSICAL FITNESS FOR BUSINESS MEN.

By Frank A. Gotch, World's Wrestling Champion.

It doesn't make much difference how much one may work in a gymnasium, so long as one undoes the things that have been brought about.

There are more durable men who take moderate exercise than there are among those who slash into it as though they were working at it.

The business man never lived who doesn't have worries, and he permits them to eat into him and capture him. He won't admit it, but watch him taking his pleasures like a fellow who was sure that it was time wasted and that the enterprise would go to smash without him.

The reason the "lower animals" have it on us is because they live in the present entirely. The orrider is led into the shambles of the stockyards without any inkling of what is going to happen in the killing pens.

An animal, therefore, is more uniformly contented than a man. Playing futures is a common human trait. We are all looking into next month, wondering if we'll get through all right, and overlooking the day and hour in which we live.

No form of exercise counts that isn't supplemented with the proper mental attitude, and this mental equilibrium should be carried through the day.

An hour's work in the gymnasium is fine, but two hours of sleeplessness trying to figure out business affairs offsets it.

Exercise is to make one feel good and become physically fit and able to ride over the bumps of life. The durability is what counts, and the best corner stone ever made is worthless if it is laid in quicksand.

To business men contemplating physical regeneration I want to say this: It pays to get out in the open and look at the blue sky and forget that there is an office or a shop. It pays to get out in the woods and become absorbed in hunting, fishing and camping, because it is a different world—a natural world—that is free from commercial cares and essentials.

To get in the right mental condition is half the battle, and the "big half" at that. Then the physical training amounts to something.

I have seen wrestlers and fighters simply fade away during their training because worries were eating into their souls. They went backward instead of forward. What can be the effect, then, on business men who haven't a tenth the physical backing that these professional athletes possess?

A happy view of life is the foundation. Then the exercise becomes subservient and it helps, but it can never aid in any appreciable degree so long as there are harassing worries that gnaw away and stop one's vitality. And this isn't a sermon, but just sound sense!

NEWS FOR BUSY MEN.

TELEGRAMS.

THE NEWS CONDENSED.

It is reported that the Italian Fleet has appeared close to the Dardanelles.

It is reported that a hundred Albanians have succeeded in arriving at Salonika.

From Chinese sources it is reported that the British Minister at Peking has been recalled.

The Russian Foreign Minister, on the occasion of his visit to Paris, will take the opportunity of going to England, where he will stay for five days.

It is denied that the Albanians are pillaging at Uskub and stated that they have merely decided to levy a toll on the inhabitants for the purpose of covering their expenses.

Eleven of the Australian cricketers are, at the conclusion of the English tour, to visit America to play a series of matches. They may also engage in baseball matches.

Sir Edward Carson, replying to Mr. Churchill regarding Ulster affairs, says that however disastrous the consequences be, the fault lies with the originators of the Government's policy.

The Turks accuse the Montenegrins, in connection with the Berane affair, of distributing arms to Christians, and the impression is growing in Constantinople that Montenegro is determined to force a quarrel.

As a protest against the Insurance Act, 3,000 Scottish engineer apprentices have struck work. Glasgow apprentices have by telegraph demanded an amendment of the Act or the resignation of Mr. Lloyd George.

Count Berchtold's invitation to the Powers to exchange views on the Balkan question is still being much commented on. The British Press takes up a cordial but cautious attitude, complaining of the vagueness of the invitation.

There is great indignation in Peking and Nanking over the execution of the two Chinese generals. The State Council has denounced President Yuan and Vice-President Li because of their part in the matter.

On meeting at a bad corner near Skipton, a motor-car driven by Mr. Thornton, of Bradford, made way for a car occupied by H.M. the King by going into the ditch. His Majesty shook hands with Mr. Thornton and said he was glad no-one was hurt.

Representations have been made to President Taft by the British Charge d'Affaires at Washington against any step in connection with the Panama Canal tolls that the temper of the American people will make it difficult to retract.

It is reported from Shanghai that as H.M.S. Minotaur was proceeding from Wei-hai-wei for target practice, the target platoon burst, knocking one man's head off, injuring another in the stomach so that he fell overboard and was drowned, and breaking the arm of a third.

NEWS FOR BUSY MEN.

TELEGRAMS.

THE NEWS CONDENSED.

In the Test Match, England have a score of 233 for the loss of eight wickets. The winners of this match will be the Triangular Champions, according to the decision of the Board of Control.

A terrible tragedy is reported from Eastbourne. Capt. Murray formerly in the Army, shooting his two children, another child and a woman dead, dangerously wounding his wife, setting fire to his house and then committing suicide.

LOCAL.

There were only four cases of plague in the Colony last week and four deaths.

A fine of \$500 was imposed upon a man, at a Police Court this morning, for being in possession of 72 tins of opium.

A Chinese formerly in the service of Mrs. Hill, of Taikoo Terrace, was charged at the Police Court to-day with robbery from three houses in that terrace. He was remanded in custody.

At the Police Court to-day before Mr. Melbourne a coolie was charged with having stolen the brass fittings from the splash-board of a rickshaw at Tsintsa-tai yesterday.

Pirates attacked the police station at Cheung Chan last night, shot three Indian policemen, and, breaking open the safe, stole over \$1,000. They also looted two shops in the place and secured another \$2,000 worth. They used the latest Mauser pistols. A full story of the affair appears in another column.

This morning in original Jurisdiction, before Mr. Justice Gompertz, a motion was heard for the rectification of the register of trade marks with regard to certain trade marks of the Wo Lee firm. It was claimed by the applicants, the Fat Shing firm, that the Wo Lee firm had registered trade marks denoting qualities in washed and unwashed grass cloth, which in fact were common to the trade.

This morning, in the Supreme Court, the Chief Justice, sitting in Criminal Jurisdiction, continued the hearing of the case in which four prisoners were charged with armed robbery at Yaumati. One man received nine years' hard labour, one six years' hard labour, and a third five years' hard labour, with 22, 18 and 10 strokes of the cat respectively. The fourth prisoner was discharged, as was a woman charged with receiving.

Wealth of Europe.

According to latest French statistics, the wealth of Europe—real and personal property—is estimated at 1,175 milliards of francs, and the amount of capital in circulation is given as 280 milliards of francs. If we take a milliard as being equal to a thousand millions, the 1,175 milliards would represent \$47,000,000,000. The principal contributors of this colossal sum are: England, 270 milliards; France, 247; Germany, 201; Russia, 160; Austria, 100; Italy, 80; Belgium, 28; and Holland, 23 milliards of francs.

Notice



**FINEST OLD DUTCH
GIN & LIQUEURS.**



FINEST OLD SCHIEDAM

\$14.00 per Case of 12 Quarts
INCLUDING DUTY.

SAMPLE BOTTLES FREE
LIQUEUR GLASSES

GRATIS

to regular buyers on application
to the

SOLE AGENTS FOR SOUTH CHINA.

MACLEWEN, FRICKEL & CO.,

4, DES VOEUX ROAD,

**THE
SCIENCE OF ADVERTISING.**

Advertising is both a science and an art. We have studied that science.

Do you know the ART?

Can you write a catchy ad?—very few can.

A good ad. is one that catches the eyes, then holds the attention.

Can you do it? We can.

Let us write your ads for you, insert them in any paper you fancy, but let us write them for you, we like it, that will be our recompense.

Choose your paper, put them in, watch results. **ADVICE:**—Insert them in the paper with the largest circulation—that is the secret of judicious advertising.

All the papers have the largest circulation, if you doubt it, ask them; then tell us, what they tell you.

The other fellow is losing all the money. True; that is the reason he is able TO KEEP UP the advertising rate!

THEY KNOW that the other fellow is losing money hand over fist, if YOU doubt it, ask them, they will tell you candidly; "It is quite true."

The cheapest ad. is the dearest. Why? do you know your business and ask why?

Do you advertise because of friendship? No? To reach the people? Yes, yes, that is the reason and it can only be accomplished by advertising in the paper that has the largest circulation. But if they all have the largest circulation, I must advertise in all the papers? Quite so, if you think.....

Shipping

**BRITISH INDIA S. N.
CO., LTD.**

NEW FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN
Kobe, HONGKONG AND RANGOON.

EASTWARD.
The S.S. "MUTIRA," 4,644 tons, Captain H. Carey, will be detached for YOKOHAMA and KOBÉ on the 20th Aug. at 4 p.m. to be followed on the 29th August by S.S. "ITINDA," Captain A. J. Evans, taking Cargo and Passengers at current rates.

WESTWARD.
The S.S. "ITOLA," 4,161 tons, Captain Tucker, will leave HONGKONG for SINGAPORE, PENANG and RANGOON on the 28th August, at Noon, followed by S.S. "MUTIRA," Capt. H. Carey, on the 9th September at Noon, taking cargo and passengers at current rates.

The above Steamers have excellent saloon accommodation for passengers and are fitted with all modern conveniences.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.,
AGENTS.
Telephone No. 215, Hongkong, 15th August, 1912.

Notices

**THE LEEDS FORGE CO.,
LTD., LEEDS.**

Specialists in the Manufacture of RAILWAY ROLLING STOCK of every description.

Pioneers in the Design and Manufacture of
PRESSED STEEL UNDERFRAMES and BOGIES and ALL-STEEL RAILWAY WAGONS.

The Undersigned have been appointed Sole Agents in Hongkong and China.

**THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD & ENGINEERING CO.
OF HONGKONG, LTD.**

Agents,
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.
Hongkong, 23rd September, 1911.

Hotels

HONGKONG HOTEL
A LA CARTE GRILL ROOM.
Now Open.

Hongkong, 20th April, 1911.

J. H. TAGGART,
Manager.

GRAND HOTEL.

NOTED FOR THE BEST FOOD, ACCOMMODATION, CLEAN-
LINESS, AND COLD DRINKS.

UNDER EUROPEAN SUPERVISION.

Tel. 187.

F. REICHMANN, Proprietor.

ASTOR HOUSE

(LATE CONNAUGHT HOTEL)
QUEEN'S ROAD, HONGKONG.

CENTRALLY situated, up-to-date Hotel, Recently renovated, and under entirely New Management. Large and comfortable Rooms, Excellent Cuisine under the supervision of an Experienced FRENCH CHEF, and separate Tables, Hot and Cold Baths, Electric Light throughout. Terms moderate. First Class accommodation for Families and Tourists.

For particulars and rates apply to
Telephone, 170 Telegrams "Astor."

OPEN AIR SKATING RINK

BELLE VIEW HOTEL

Telephone No. 907.

Sessions: 10 a.m. to 12 Noon. 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. Admission 25 cents.
5 p.m. to 8 p.m. 9 p.m. to 11 p.m. Admission 50 cents.
String Band will play at the above Hotel every Sunday, commencing from 4 p.m. to 10 p.m.

W. GALLAGHER, Manager.

**KING EDWARD
HOTEL.**

A FIRST CLASS HOTEL.

Under European Management.

Electric Light and Lifts.

Latest Improvements.

Reasonable Rates.

Telephone 373.

H. HAYNES,
Manager.

Hongkong, 1st Aug. 1912.

**THE TAIWAN
RAILWAY
HOTEL.**

TAIPEH, FORMOSA.

Under the Direct Management of the
Taiwan Railway Dept.

EXCELLENT CUISINE AND
GOOD SERVICE. RATES
6 YEN AND UP.

Uniformed hotel porter meets all
trains and steamers. Luggage are
ranged for without any trouble to
guests.

Hongkong, 1st Feb. 1912.

Diss Bros
TAILORS

1, WYNDHAM STREET (Flower St.) ESTABLISHED 1900.

**GREEN ISLAND CEMENT
COMPANY, LIMITED.**

PORTLAND CEMENT.

In Casks of 875 lbs net

In Bags of 250 lbs net

SEHWAY, TOMES & CO.

General Managers

Hongkong 12th August, 1912.

THE FAMINE IN CHINA.

EIGHT FAMINE DISTRICTS with an
area of 80,000 square miles.

TWO and a half million people
facing starvation.

PLEASE SEND YOUR CONTRI-
BUTION TO-DAY.

IT WILL HELP TO SAVE LIFE.

Travelling H. O. GULLAND, Esq.,
Manager, International Banking Cor-
poration, Shanghai.

Hongkong 24th January, 1912.

Notices

**THE REASON WHY!!!
IS A N**

ABSOLUTELY PURE

It is pumped out of the ground at a heat of

190 Degrees

each tank it enters is provided with a chimney filled with raw cotton which serves to FILTER and render GERM PROOF all air that enters, it is never touched by HUMAN HANDS or is it exposed to any contaminating influences, hence the PURITY and name.

**THE MOST DELICIOUS NATURAL MINERAL WATER
IN THE WORLD.**

THE CHINA COMMERCIAL COMPANY.

**GUINNESS' STOUT,
THE WELL-KNOWN
"HORSEHEAD,"**



BRAND.

Sole Agents,

**CALDBECK
MAGREGOR & CO.**

HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, SINGAPORE, TIENTSIN
and KUALA LUMPUR.

Hongkong, 25th January, 1912.

Entertainment

VICTORIA THEATRE

THE COOLEST HALL IN TOWN.

2 Performances Daily:—

7.15 p.m. Pictures Only.

9.15 p.m. Full Programme

Matinees:—

Saturdays: 4.30 p.m.

Sundays: 6.00 p.m.

Return Visit of the Celebrated Artistes

SAM GALE

LITTLE SADIE

MYRA JAMES.

THE GRAND FILMS

"Fatality" and "The Love of a Child."

Hongkong, 19th Aug., 1912.

Notices

**SAVE
YOUR EYES.**

If your sight is falling, or your
eyes trouble you come in and have
them examined.
It costs you nothing.

**WE ARE
PRACTICAL
OPTICIANS.**

And can grind any lenses, or
make a screw to a pair of Specta-
cles on the premises. Don't
throw your frames away; have
them repaired by

**N. LAZARUS,
OPTICIAN.**

1A, D'Aquila Street, Hongkong

FOR SALE.

OLD CHINA CURIOS.

A fine lot of China Vases:

1. A large blue (Ming Dynasty)

2. A large blue (Ming Dynasty)

3. A large blue (Ming Dynasty)

4. A large blue (Ming Dynasty)

5. A large blue (Ming Dynasty)

6. A large blue (Ming Dynasty)

7. A large blue (Ming Dynasty)

8. A large blue (Ming Dynasty)

9. A large blue (Ming Dynasty)

10. A large blue (Ming Dynasty)

11. A large blue (Ming Dynasty)

12. A large blue (Ming Dynasty)

13. A large blue (Ming Dynasty)

14. A large blue (Ming Dynasty)

15. A large blue (Ming Dynasty)

16. A large blue (Ming Dynasty)

17. A large blue (Ming Dynasty)

18. A large blue (Ming Dynasty)

19. A large blue (Ming Dynasty)

20. A large blue (Ming Dynasty)

**OUR
CONTEMPORARIES**

South China Morning Post.

The Servant Problem.
Those who have bought ex-
perience do not require proofs at
this hour to convince them of the
need of registration of servants
in places like Singapore, Hong-
kong and Shanghai. The
"Straits Times," when securing
the opinions of foreign residents
in Singapore, became familiar
with many quaint views which
were held there regarding
the movement. One friend did
not believe that a good boy would
lend his obits (or testimonials) to
a bad one. Fortunately, the
editor was not dealing with
questions of belief but of fact
when it was said this is done.
We know it, too, and a great deal
besides. The contention held
that the registration system,
besides its numerous other ad-
vantages, is the only check that
will be effective, will be conclu-
sive to anyone who has had any
experience with Chinese boys.

China Mail.

Japan and Her Alliance with
Great Britain.
According to an article in the
"Literary Digest," Japan seems
a little restless under the yoke
of alliance with Great Britain.
She complains that the British
actually appear hostile to Japan-
ese, business enterprises, and
instead of aiding them, put
obstacles in their way.
To both Britons and Japanese
there will appear to be a good
deal more fancy than fact in such
statements, for it is indubitable
that, though the Alliance has been
modified considerably from what
it was originally, it still remains
a factor which means much for
the present stable condition of
affairs in the Far East; and it is
to-day, as it has been all along, an
understanding of which both
countries have every reason to
congratulate themselves.

Daily Press.

The Chinese Loan Question.
The statement made by the
Chairman of the Hongkong and
Shanghai Banking Corporation
at the meeting of shareholders
on Saturday regarding the pro-
posed international loan to China
is one to which prominence will
doubtless be given in the Press
of the whole world. The state-
ments made by Sir Edward Grey
and Mr. Acland in the House of
Commons have not sufficed ap-
parently to dissipate the absurd
idea that the International Group
of Bankers, with the support of
Governments at their back, have
been trying to force upon China
a huge loan far in excess of the
country's needs—a loan which
would place China under such
financial obligation to Europe as
would seriously threaten her au-
tonomy. On more than one oc-
casion Sir Edward Grey has ex-
plicitly stated in Parliament that
the Governments concerned will
not give their approval and sup-
port to any agreement which does
not make the real interests of
China a primary consideration.
The provinces have been clamour-
ing for funds for months past and
the policy of Peking seems to be
to let them clamour until they
come to understand that money
can only be obtained by borrow-
ing from abroad upon conditions
for foreign supervision of the
expenditure.

Mineral Production in New South
Wales.

The annual report for 1911 of
the Department of Mines, New
South Wales shows that the total
value of the mineral output was
£9,768,008, or £1,021,557 more
than in 1910, while increases in
the value of the products were
realized in every case with the
exception of gold. Increases took
place in the production of coal,
£167,508; silver and lead,
£542,503; zinc, £125,340; cop-
per, £103,845; limestone, lime,
and Portland cement, £62,783;
tin, £78,933; and wolfram,
£12,732; and also to a smaller
extent in shale, oxide of iron,
platinum, diamonds, alumina, and
antimony. Decreases occurred in
gold, £32,858; iron, £16,662;
opal, £8,900; coke, £4,732;
schistite, £4,405; molybdenite,
£3,076; and other minerals,
£1,442. The aggregate value of
the minerals produced in the
State for the end of 1911 was
£37,077,435.

**FURNISHING
DEPARTMENT**

NOW SHOWING

THE LATEST DESIGNS

IN

PRINTED

TABLECOVERS

FAST COLOURS.

LARGE STOCK

OF

GRETONNES

FOR

CURTAINS, DRAPERIES

AND

LOOSE COVERS

MODERATE PRICES

William Powell,

Limited

FURNISHERS.

GENERAL NEWS.

Another Manila Strike.
Eleven hundred tobacco-factory hands have again stopped work in Manila. The strikers ask for increases of pay from 38 to 100 per cent., depending upon the class of labour they are performing. It is understood that the management will not accede to these demands, as they deem them exorbitant and unjustified.

At the Flor do Intal cigar factory three hundred and fifty operatives are also on strike.

Singapore Mortality Returns.
The mortality returns for Singapore, issued by the Registrar of Births and Deaths, show that during the week ending August 3, there were 259 deaths, giving a ratio per mille of population of 40.78. Malarial fever accounted for 37 deaths, phthisis 33, convulsions 20, beri-beri 30, cholera 2 (1 imported), bronchitis 11, dysentery 10, pneumonia 15. Thirty children under three months of age died. The nationalities were represented as follows: European 1, Eurasian 1, Chinese 194, Malays 39, Indians 19. The deaths from malarial fever shows an increase of 2 on the number reported last week, and cholera returns a decrease of 5.

Christmas Isle Sold.
Honolulu, July 18.—Christmas Island, reported to be the original "Treasure" Island of Robert Louis Stevenson and around which many another less famous tale of piracy, treasure and blackbirding has been written, on whose coral shores lie the skeletons of many a wreck, has been sold, and one of the parties interested in the sale arrived in Honolulu yesterday aboard the schooner Luka.

"Taft and Roosevelt have no chance."
Wilson is sure to win. Taft and Roosevelt have no chance. This is the way Mr. J. P. Hailbronn of the firm of Hailbronn and Company, who returned on the 13th inst. from a six months' trip to the States and Europe, described the political situation in America to a Minia "Times" reporter.

More Heavy Weather at Tientsin.
A storm which burst last Tuesday over Tientsin, after a long spell of unusually hot weather, has done an immense amount of damage locally, says the "P. & T. Times." Falling ceilings, ruined walls, flooded stores and houses, have been the order of the day. As usual, the electric lighting wires have been severely disorganized, and the telephone service between Peking and Tientsin broke down, and still remains in that condition. The foreign troops suffered very severe discomfort in most of their quarters.

Austrian Prisoner in Shanghai.
R. Eisner, late of the Austrian-Hungarian Legation at Peking, is a prisoner in Shanghai awaiting transportation to Austria, where he will be tried on charges of shortages in his accounts while connected with the legation. Eisner was brought to Shanghai on the Sikiang in the custody of two members of the Legation Guard.

F.M.S. Planter's Wedding.
At Rosary Church, Marylebone, Mr. Vincent Richard Wickwar, director of the Glenish Rubber Estates Co., Ltd., and other companies in the East, has been married to Louisa, widow of the late Henry Hudson.

Siam's Animal Census.
The animal census tables for the various provinces of Siam, seventeen in all, show that there were counted 1,815,040 buffaloes, 1,535,679 cattle, 60,728 horses, 3,001 elephants, and 410,298 pigs.

Doctor who Discovered a Leprosy-cure.
Dr. J. T. Wayson, city physician of Honolulu and member of the territorial board of health, is being urged as entitled to one of the Nobel prizes of \$40,000 for notable scientific achievement. He is said to have discovered a veritable cure for leprosy. This cure is the carbonic acid snow pencil, a device that produces a temperature of 100 degrees below zero and when applied to the leprosy sores literally freezes the bacillus leprosy.

Another Cure at St. Winifred's Well.
It is claimed for St. Winifred's Well that it has cured an Oldham man named Michael Gallagher, whose injured arm had been attended unsuccessfully by twenty-two doctors.

BORNEO AND LEILA.

How the China-Borneo's Launch was Lost.

Speaking of the loss of the China-Borneo Co.'s s.s. Leila last month, the B. N. B. "Herald" remarks:—
"The story of the collision with s.s. Borneo is now only too clear. Serang Rahman was ignorant of the 'rule of the road' and at all costs determined to, as he says, 'jalan tepi'—which meant taking the inside course nearest the shore. The man undoubtedly believed that it was the right of a launch, especially when towing, to pass an incoming ship on the shore side and probably in all his life he had never passed a big ship on any other side when leaving port, and so the more the Borneo went to starboard the more he went to port. Even at the last moment he would have cleared the ship had he left his helm alone, as the tongkang he was towing cleared her until fouled by the tow rope. But no, he must 'jalan tepi'—and putting his wheel hard over when the Borneo's bows were right about him he made one more try to pass inside her, and the crash came amidships on his starboard side. The Leila must have been practically cut in two, as she sank in 90 seconds. Those on deck were nearly all saved, but those below in the engine room, stokehold and cabin were all drowned.

Captain Sembill.
It is hard to criticize Captain Sembill in any way. He, as a master mariner, knew and observed, as he was absolutely bound to do, the 'rule of the road.'

He ported his helm and 'showed red,' until he was almost head on to the shore at Bali Sim Sim. When he struck he was heading N.W. and Leila was actually at right angles to him, but until 30 seconds before he struck her he was going full speed ahead. The Borneo is the biggest ship in local waters, and although Captain Sembill says he can bring her to a standstill in one and a half times her length, he also says it takes one and a half minutes to accomplish it. Should he, in a narrow passage, have rung down 'full speed astern' a minute sooner? If he had, the Leila would not be lost. Was he wise to come in at full speed when so close to port? It is not for land lubbers to answer these questions, we are only left to wonder, and think and say 'oh the pity of it'—and Captain Sembill did right to go to starboard. Everything possible was done to save life, life belts were thrown and boats lowered, and eleven lives were saved. No European was on board, but the Chinese engineer and his two foremen were drowned, also one Malay, one woman and two children. We should condole with the China Borneo Company, whose launch the Leila was, in the loss of valuable property they have sustained. She was uninsured. It is only too often that catastrophes makes us fully realize our responsibilities, and the suggestion of the assessors that some qualifications should be required from local boatmen before they are entrusted with the lives of those whose work and duties lie in and around this Harbour on their launches, should cause food for thought and possible legislation.

CASTOR OIL AS A LUBRICANT.

The remunerative prices which castor oil is bringing in foreign markets have awakened renewed interest in the castor plant. The industry apparently is one that does not require much skill in planting, and, once established, the seeds propagate themselves, fertilizing the soil not being necessary. The plant has been raised by the Jamaican peasantry for years, and a considerable acreage is now under cultivation. In the East Indies, where the castor bean is extensively cultivated, it yields as much as five tons of seeds to the acre. In Jamaica there are several species, and recent experiments show that the nut grown there gives a larger yield of oil than the East Indian product. Experience seems to indicate that the castor plant is practically immune from insect pests. The oil of late has become very popular as a lubricant—Exchange.

FROM SODA.

Soap-making at Port Arthur.

The results of manufacturing soap at the See Soap Manufactory, Port Arthur, from caustic soda extracted from Kwantung salt by an electrical process, are as follows:—

"Whilst 60 2/3 lbs. of H. B. brand of alkali can be diluted to 225 lbs., the same quantity of the alkali produced from Kwantung salt may be diluted to 10 lbs. But, for the purpose of oxidizing tallow of same quantity, 167 lbs. of the H. B. brand are required, while 158 lbs. Kwantung alkali will answer the purpose just as well. Furthermore, Kwantung alkali contains a much smaller quantity of extraneous matter, and besides dissolves with greater readiness, which circumstances afford greater convenience in its use, and make suitable for the making of soap of fine quality."

It may be remembered that a series of technical experiments in the manufacture of alkali from Kwantung salt was conducted last year by Japanese chemists of high standing at both Shuang-tanwan, a salt-making centre not far from Port Arthur, and the laboratory of the Engineering College, Port Arthur.

The alkali put out last year is said to have contained only 60 per cent. of caustic soda, while this year's product is credited with our 98 per cent. of caustic soda, holding out hope that this year's experiments will be more satisfactory than last year's.—"Manchuria Daily News."

COKE IN JAPAN.

The demand for coke in Japan is very great. On account of the limited supply of coke imported from England and Germany, the Japanese have therefore established special manufactories for their production. After several trials on coals produced from various mines, they discovered that the coke produced from Kaiping coal-dust is of the most excellent quality. It is exceedingly cheap. It costs about thirteen Yen a ton, while German coke costs twenty-six Yen and English coke twenty-four Yen a ton. The Kaiping coal-dust is exported from Tongshan by rail to Chinwangtao where there is a big compound capable of storing over ten thousand tons. The coal store is connected with the wharf by two lines of railroad, enabling a ship to take a load of three thousand tons in twelve hours. About 54,180 tons of this coal dust are annually imported into Japan where it is turned into coke.

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

Its Prevention and Cure.

Diseases apart, there is probably no condition held in greater dread by the inhabitants of hot countries than nervous debility. Everybody knows the conditions which produce it, as everybody knows the enervating and depressing effects which it causes.

The immediate need of every sufferer is, obviously, to get better as quickly as possible. This is, however, by no means an easy matter with the use of the ordinary remedies. The consequence is that men, and women too, find themselves becoming more and more depressed in mind and more and more weakened in body as the days go by, and they seem farther than ever away from the greatly desired and hoped for cure.

Happily, modern Science is able to hold out to these unfortunate people not merely a hope, but a promise of cure which amounts to an absolute certainty. The rehabilitation of the mental faculties, the revitalization of the nervous functions and the complete restoration of the original vigour and vitality, are all obtainable by means of Sanatogen, which is now universally known both by the medical profession and by the general public as the greatest tonic food in the world.

Always Know the Remedy You Use.

It owes its unique reputation to its remarkable composition, which chemically combines the body-building part of the purest cow's milk with that salt of phosphorus which is found in the brain and nervous system.

Prepaid Advertisements.

ONE CENT PER WORD for each insertion.

WANTED.

WANTED Immediately a ship doctor. Apply Box 100, c/o "Telegraph" office. Hongkong, 19th Aug., 1912. [501]

EXPERIENCED Stenographer and Typist. References. Apply stating salary required to XXX, c/o "Hongkong Telegraph." Hongkong, 30th July, 1912. [553]

REQUIRED at once a Bookkeeper with a thorough knowledge of accounts. Good Testimonials essential. Non workers need not apply. Box A.B.C., c/o "Hongkong Telegraph." Hongkong, 30th July, 1912. [554]

FOR SALE.

1: B. D. B. Hammerless Ejector Gun by Cogswell and Harrison. Two canvas cases, some implements and cartridges, 350 (about) shot cartridges. 106 Winchester Magazine Rifle, wooden case, cleaning rod, 93 cartridges.

256 Mannlicher Magazine Rifle, by Jeffery, two canvas cases, some implements, about 110 rounds Amte. 2 bore Hammer D. B. gun by Walter Lockett, T. C. case, some implements, 100 cartridges, new. All in first rate order. Apply 5 Carranville Villas, Kowloon. Hongkong, 19th Aug., 1912. [600]

TO LET.

TO LET LARGE substantially built Godown situated on water front, East Point. For further particulars apply Property Office, Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Hongkong, 19th Aug., 1912. [585]

TO LET on 2nd Fl or No. 2, Pedder Street. One roomed Office. Apply Property Office, Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Hongkong, 22nd May, 1912. [588]

The result of this chemical union in Sanatogen produces a food which does not merely stimulate, but also revitalises and reinvigorates the whole nervous system, so that no matter how much its power has been diminished it is gradually restored, and keyed, as it were, to the pitch of perfect health. With the improvement of nerve and blood, the lustreless eyes become bright, the pallid, waxy complexion takes on the rosy hue of health, the flaccid muscles become strong and firm, and the ever-weary body becomes vigorous, and permeated with an altogether unusual sensation of energy.

It part, some of these benefits are due to the restored nutrition of the body as a whole, for Sanatogen is so easily digestible that it imposes no strain at all on the weakened stomach and digestive organs. These, naturally, share in the general condition of debility due to the lack of nervous force, and act with their normal vigour when the nerve force of the body is restored.

Madame Sarah Grand, one of the most brilliant woman novelists living, writes:—"Sanatogen has done everything for me which it is said to be able to do for cases of nervous debility and exhaustion. I began to take it after nearly four years enforced idleness from extreme debility, and now (after only four months), I find myself able to enjoy both work and play again, and also able to do as much of both as I ever did."

With regard to the nervous debility engendered by life in the Tropics, Mr. E. C. Desbrulais, Bankipore, Patna, Bengal, writes:—"Sanatogen is just the thing for workers in the Tropics, and should always be carried, just as one never goes about without chlorodyne, as, it is the only remedy against the awful wear and tear of life in burning tropical climates."

Write for a copy of a most interesting booklet "The Art of Living" by Dr. Andrew Wilson, which will be sent free to all mentioning this paper on application to A. Wulff & Co., 8, Kiukiang Road, Shanghai. Sanatogen can be obtained of all chemists.

No doubt you are full of interest to know what will shortly appear in this space

A call on

GARNER, QUELCH & CO.

will enlighten you on the subject

Notices

TO KEEP
COOL
WEAR
THE
LIGHTEST
WEIGHT
AERTEX
CELLULAR
TO BE
OBTAINED
at
SHAW'S



only.
IN TENNIS, DAY, TUNIC and undershirt. PRUNK DRAWERS
J. T. SHAW
HONGKONG HOTEL.
21, Queen's Road.

HOTEL CRAIGIEBURN.

PLUNKET'S GAP
The Peak,
near the Tram Terminus
Tel. 56.
For Terms apply to the
MANAGER.

THE GENERAL ELECTRIC CO. OF CHINA, LIMITED.

MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS.

HEAD OFFICE—
7, Jinkee Road, Shanghai.
Telegrams—"Genlectric."
16, Des Vieux Road, Hongkong.
Telegrams—"Sparkless."

MANUFACTURERS of Complete Electric Plant, Power Schemes and Complete Telephone Installations.

WORKS.

LONDON, WITTON, MANCHESTER, BIRMINGHAM

LARGE STOCK held of all Electrical Supplies, Wires, Cables, Fittings, Shades, Bells, Telephones, Batteries, Switchboards and Switch Apparatus, Steam Dynamo Sets, Motors, Arc Lamp Carbons, Robertson Lamps and Osram Metal Filament Lamps.

FULL PARTICULARS AND ESTIMATES GIVEN

ON APPLICATION.
Retail Agent in Hongkong—
WM. C. JACK & CO., LTD.
Telephone, 358.
14, DES VIEUX ROAD.

SHIPBUILDERS, SALVORS, AND REPAIRERS, BOILERMAKERS, FORGEMASTERS, BRASS AND IRON FOUNDERS, CONSTRUCTIONAL, ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERS.
THE WELDING AND CUTTING OF METALS
By the OXY-ACETYLENE SYSTEM
Modern Appliances for quick construction and repair of Ships, Engines, Boilers, Railway Rolling Stock, Bridges, and all Classes of Engineering, Iron and Wood Work.
Hydraulic & Pneumatic Tools, installed throughout the Works.

THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD & ENGINEERING CO.
OF HONGKONG, LIMITED.
TAIKOO DOCKYARD, HONGKONG

GRAVING DOCK
787ft. by 88ft. by 34ft. 6in.
Peculiarly empty Dock in 2 1/2 hours.

THE PATENT SLIPWAYS (holding vessels up to 3,000 tons displacement, providing conditions for painting ships with most efficient results.)

100-TON ELECTRIC CRANE on Quay—ELECTRIC OVERHEAD CRANES throughout the Works Raising up to 100 Tons.
50-TON HYDRAULIC TESTING MACHINE for CRANKS, WIRE ROPES, RIVETS, ETC.
Believes given for Docking, Repair to Hull and Machinery, Constructional Work.
DOCKYARD MANAGERS, Mr. J. Reid, can be seen between the hours of 11 A.M. and Noon.
MANAGERS AND AGENTS: AT THE TOWN OFFICE.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
HONGKONG, CHINA AND JAPAN.

WATSON'S E

VERY OLD LIQUEUR.

SCOTCH WHISKY.

A BLEND OF THE FINEST PURE
MALT SCOTCH WHISKIES.

For over 30 Years WATSON'S 'E' has maintained

the reputation of the FINEST SCOTCH

WHISKY in the FAR EAST.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

The rates of Subscription to the "Hongkong Telegraph" will be as follows:—

Daily issue—\$36 per annum.

Weekly issue—\$13 per annum.

The rates per quarter and per month, proportional. Subscriptions for any period less than one month will be charged as for a full month.

The daily issue is delivered free when the address is accessible to messenger. Post subscribers can have their copies delivered at their residences without any extra charge. On copies sent by post an additional \$1.80 per quarter is charged for postage.

The postage on the weekly issue to any part of the world is \$1.00 per quarter.

Single Copies, Daily, ten cents. Weekly, twenty-five cents (for cash only).

(Payable in Advance.)

By Order:

"HONGKONG TELEGRAPH."

The object of this paper is to publish correct information, to serve the truth and print the news without fear or favour.

Cable Address: Telegraph, Hongkong.

Telephone: No. 1. A.B.C., 5th edition. Western Union

The Hongkong Telegraph.

HONGKONG TUESDAY, AUGUST 20, 1912.

COCOANUTS IN THE F.M.S.

Those readers who are at all familiar with the planting conditions obtaining farther South, will feel that the investing world at Home is under a very distinct obligation to the Government of the Federated Malay States for the words of warning which it issued the other day concerning the cocoa-nut industry in Malaya. No branch of the planter's calling offers so tempting a bait to the would-be speculator, and none is more hedged about with risks and disappointments. Much of the snare lies in the seeming simplicity of cocoa-nut growing. The most sanguine or the most ill-informed layman allows for the necessity of a slowly and painfully acquired technical knowledge where rubber, tobacco, tea, etc. are concerned; but, because he has read in some book or newspaper that the cocoa-nut palm gives little trouble to the grower and is an unfailing source of revenue to its owner, he is all too ready to waive every contingency and side-condition; in brief, to think that the nuts grow anyhow and anywhere and that the cultivator's sole concern is the collection of revenue. Travellers' tales have fostered this belief, too; for a man may live in the Malay-speaking countries half a lifetime without learning the truth about palm-rearing, unless he makes it his business to do so. Such a man has unconsciously seen and painted the industry in pleasurable colours merely because a cocoa-nut plantation is not—like a rubber or cocoa estate—dotted with hundreds of coolies giving daily and hourly attention to the trees. It may be well then to offer one or two simple facts for the consideration of those who are uninitiated.

Cocoa-nuts are as much dependent on good weather, good soil, unexpectable seed and judicious spacing, weeding and tending as any other trees; drought-spells, insect pests (especially the cocoa-nut beetle) or the presence of poisonous elements in the soil are no less disastrous to them than they are to rubber-saplings. Under the best conditions, trees should be bearing at the rate of about fifty to the palm by the time they are eight years old, and the copra derived from the nuts is admittedly a very profitable commodity. In recent years the best land in the F.M.S. has been required for rubber, and all that can be spared may not unreasonably be regarded with suspicion. The promoters of syndicates can plant nuts by the thousand or the million; they are cheap enough, in all conscience; but in what kind of soil? In plain words, the home-biding investor is liable to be asked to buy, at a ruinous figure, land which the promoters can acquire at dirt-price and for which no experienced planter would give ten cents an acre. The weeding, draining or "clearing" of such land would, of course, yield fruitful opportunity to unscrupulous directors with an itch for figures that point to heavy and unavoidable working-expenses.

Another circumstance greatly urged by certain incipient companies is the present immunity from competition—an argument criminally misleading; for, throughout the East Indies and a great portion of the Straits and the F.M.S., every Malay peasant family has trees in great number—trees that are tended by the owners themselves, who are born to the work, who choose their soil and seed with unerring instinct, whose outlay is nothing, and who can afford to sell to the copra merchants at an abnormally low rate. Only a sound alien company, backed by the best soil and the most extensive technical experience, can compete with these men, and such companies may well be likened unto the visitant angels.

DAY BY DAY.

A man who is always fretting himself about his own personal happiness is sure to wrook it; a man who is always scheming for his own personal pleasure is sure to miss it.

Mails Arrived.

The S.S. Lutnow arrived to-day with mails from Japan and Shanghai.

Mr. Bell Arrives.

Mr. J. B. Bell, one of the veterinary surgeons of the Manila Bureau of Agriculture, arrived in the Colony yesterday by the Prinz Sigismund.

Theft of Brass.

A coolie was charged at the Police Court to-day with having stolen the brass fittings from the splash-board of a rickshaw at Tsimtsantun yesterday.

Optim.

For being in possession of 72 taels of opium a man was fined \$500, with the option of three months' imprisonment at the Police Court this morning.

Counterfeit Coin.

A man and a woman were charged at the Police Court to-day with being in possession at 140 Wellington Street 57 American gold dollars, 4,619 American five cent pieces and a press for making the same. Prisoners were remanded.

Plague Return.

Last week's plague return shows a maintenance of the welcome decrease. There were only four cases and four deaths. Two of the cases were in the City and two in other districts. There were three cases of enteric fever and two deaths.

Plague Death at Manila.

A Filipino dropped dead in the office of the Compania Transilatica, Manila, on the 10th inst. Deceased was Gabino Bernaldo, 45 years old; married and residing with his wife and daughter at No. 583 Calle Ylaya. The body was removed to the city morgue. Death was caused by the plague.

Carpeting the Summary Court.

The Summary Court presented quite a comfortable aspect this morning, when it was found that over night a heavy cocoa-nut matting had been laid on the floor. The end in view, we understand, is to improve the acoustic properties of the Court, and it must be acknowledged that the result is entirely satisfactory.

PHILIPPINE MEAT PRICES.

Excessive as Compared with those of Hongkong.

The president of the Municipal Board of Manila has returned to that body the meat report presented by Mr. J. C. Mahan as a result of his trip to Hongkong, suggesting that further information be secured as to the methods of controlling the retail prices of meat in the local market. Major Roxas says:—

"In his report to the Municipal Board the chief of the department of sanitation and transportation on the subject of meat, he only recommends a means of controlling the excessive prices of meat, sold wholesale, suggesting that the government purchase the meat and sell it to wholesale dealers, adopting a system analogous to that made use of in the control of the price of rice.

"The undersigned calls the attention of the board to the fact that this recommendation is all right from the point of view that the price of meat sold wholesale might be the cause of the rise in the price of meat sold retail.

"The principal duty of the board is to see to the regulation of the retail price which, according to information in the report, is excessive as compared with the current price in Hongkong, and as the report contains no recommendation as to the correction of this condition in the market, I recommended that, prior to definite action being taken on the report, additional information be sought on this special point to the end that the retail price of meat in the market may be reduced from its present price and that it may not in future be raised."—Cable News American.

AN INTERESTING VISITOR.

Interview with a Maker of Phonographic Records.

Among the many interesting visitors who come to Hongkong during this year there are few that equal Mr. Harry L. Marker, whose one object in life, professionally speaking, is to make records for the Columbia Phonograph Company of America.

In this he has to travel all over the world and take records ranging from the sublime to the ridiculous, from the finest works of a European virtuoso to the weird sounds that emanate from the throats of some Orientals. In a chat with a "Telegraph" representative the other evening, Mr. Marker furnished some interesting facts concerning the phonograph and some of the experiences he has undergone in his endeavours to obtain records. At present he is at work on Chinese vocal music. He has done some of this work before, and the chances are that some of the phonograph renderings that one hears as he passes down a Chinese street are the result of his handiwork.

Chinese Have Actual Music.

It has often been said that Chinese music is no music at all, but on this point Mr. Marker has his own opinion, which is supported by many observers. He holds that the Chinese have real music, their combinations of notes having an actual rhythm which is perceptible to those who make anything like a study of the art.

"Do you like the music?" queried the interviewer.

"Well, you see it comes in at one ear and goes out at the other," was the reply, giving the impression that Mr. Marker cares for the music only on a strictly business footing.

"The process of making a record," said Mr. Marker, "is more or less secret, though I can give you a brief outline of how it is done. I fix up my machine with a big trumpet in my laboratory and I get the singers to sing into it, the record meanwhile being scratched on the record in wax. This record is sent to the factory. There the first thing to be done is to dust it with graphite, and a copper matrix is made from it by electro-deposition. This is swathed on to a copper plate and the whole nickel-plated to give it a good surface. The matrix is then placed in a machine and the records are pressed out under very great pressure. They are not stamped out as some people seem to think."

A Good Tale.

Mr. Marker tells a very good tale of one Chinese vocalist whom he had engaged to sing for the purposes of record taking. The singer was quite willing to undertake the task until he was put face to face with the huge trumpet. He was a Court singer at Peking and apparently realised his responsibilities, for when he saw the instrument that was to reproduce his voice he absolutely refused to sing a note. Every kind of blandishment was used, but the artist was obstinate. He would not sing, and when pressed for his reason, said that if he sang into the trumpet he would never get his voice back again. On this occasion Mr. Marker had to acknowledge that he had lost the game.

On another occasion Mr. Marker had his civility taxed to the utmost. The Chinese singer has as many eccentricities as some of the European contemporaries. He requires a pill of opium before he performs. On the occasion in question Mr. Marker was taking a record of a singer who had appeared before the late Emperor of China, and before he started to lift his voice, he took tea and cakes and then wanted to take opium. Nor would he leave it at that, for he insisted that Mr. Marker should have some too. Lest a refusal should offend the artist, the proffered favour was accepted and the opium taken.

"When will the dream come?" asked Mr. Marker.

"Oh that will come later," was the reply.

Mr. Marker is still waiting for the dream.

CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

An Armed Robbery at Yau-mat.

This morning in the Supreme Court, the Chief Justice, Mr. W. Rees Davies, K.C., sitting in Criminal jurisdiction, continued the hearing of the case in which Chan Sam, Au Kwok, Chan Shap, and Leung Shi were charged with armed robbery, and Hoi Mui was charged with receiving the goods, well knowing them to be stolen.

Yesterday afternoon all the prisoners pleaded not guilty, and the following jury was empanelled:—Messrs L. M. Whyte (foreman), Hans J. Westphal, T. Braun, H. W. Potley, E. F. G. Orchard, J. E. Rutledge and S. H. Michael.

It will be remembered that the case concerned an armed robbery at Yau-mat, where the wife of the householder was bound with wire round the wrists, gagged, and robbed of her jewellery. The thieves got clear away but the first prisoner, who was alleged to be one of them, was arrested on another charge, and the fact that he had a loaded revolver in his possession aroused the suspicions of the police, who effected other arrests.

One witness, an old woman, gave evidence as to the nature of some of the stolen property; more particularly a pair of bangles.

Mr. Bucknill:—Were they new bangles?—Ten thousand years old rattle.

When you say "ten thousand years old rattle" you simply mean lucky?—Yes.

A Variety of Defences.

In his defence the second prisoner merely said that Leung Shi asked him to commit the robbery.

His Lordship:—That is no defence.

Prisoner:—Well, I did not stab the man so many times.

Prisoner No. 3:—I did not commit the robbery, the police struck me and made me confess.

Prisoner No. 4:—No. 1 gave me the pair of bangles to pawn. I did not pawn them myself. I gave them to Ah Chuen to pawn. No 2 is not on good terms with me and so accused me.

The woman, who is only charged with receiving, said the handkerchief was given her by her husband when he was discharged from his ship.

A Sensible Verdict.

The jury returned a verdict of guilty with respect to prisoners Nos. 1, 2 and 3. With regard to the first two, the foreman asked that they be dealt with severely. They were dangerous characters. Nos. 4 and 5 were acquitted.

His Lordship:—What distinction do you draw between 1 and 2, and 3?

The foreman:—No. 1, we think is the ringleader; No. 2 was not a ringleader, but we consider him a dangerous character; No. 3 is the man who assaulted the prosecutrix, and No. 3 was evidently there, according to his own statement.

Asked what they had to say before sentence was passed, No. 1 blamed No. 4 who had been acquitted.

No. 2 said:—I did not commit the robbery. Will your lordship hang me? I was beaten until I confessed.

The Sentences.

His Lordship:—You have been found guilty, practically on your own admissions, of this cowardly robbery. You went to the house, armed with revolvers and knives, terrorised these wretched women and stole their jewellery. This system of robbery, unfortunately, is going on all over the Colony, and every effort hitherto has been ineffectual to check it. I intend to inflict on each of you some of the bodily suffering you have put on other people. The jury regard you, Chan Sam, as the ringleader, and I am disposed to agree with them; and although they accept the statement of Chan Shap that he was present at the robbery, they regard Au Kwok as the more active robber. The sentence of the court on you, Chan Sam, is that you be imprisoned for nine years with hard labour, and will receive eighteen strokes of the cat, and Chan Shap, will be imprisoned for five years with hard labour and receive ten strokes of the cat.

The first prisoner's stolidity of demeanour lasted till he hit the

SPECIAL CABLES.

H. M. S. MINOTAUR.

REPORTED FATAL ACCIDENT.

(Our Own Correspondent.)

Shanghai, August 20.

Naval people here report that when H.M.S. Minotaur was proceeding for target-shooting from Wei-hai-wei to the region of Lushing, the target pinnae (?) burst, knocking off one man's head, tearing the stomach of a second, who fell over and was drowned, and breaking the arm of a third.

Two, but the other two did not receive their sentences with the same complacency.

A Charge of Burglary.

This afternoon seven men were indicted before the Chief Justice, on charges of burglary and with receiving stolen property. Their names were:—Wong Fuk, Chan Chioh, Chan Lai, Fung Tsat, Kwan Lam, Chan Tsoi, Cheung Kow.

Prisoners numbers 1. and 4. pleaded not guilty to both counts, 2 and 3 guilty, while the Attorney General entered a *nolle prosequi* in the case of the last three, who were consequently discharged.

The Attorney General, the Hon. Mr. Bucknill, prosecuted on behalf of the Crown and Mr. Jenkins, instructed by Mr. Crowther Smith, appeared to defend the fourth prisoner.

The case contains a certain interest as it is the first appearance of Mr. Jenkins in the local courts.

The Attorney General said that he had in front of him almost enough jewellery to stock a jeweller's shop and the jury would see in the box two persons who were charged with being connected with the robbery. The theft took place in the early hours of June 25 and it was not discovered until the people in the house had risen. The next day, however, the police saw the first prisoner carrying a bag and being somewhat suspicious of him made him open it when some of the articles produced were discovered.

The case was proceeding as we went to press.

TRADE MARKS.

Motion for the Rectification of Register.

This morning in original Jurisdiction, before Mr. Justice Gompertz, a motion was heard for the rectification of the register of trade marks with regard to the trade marks No. 70, 1911, 1, 2, 3 and 4, and Nos. 25, 26, 27 and 28, of 1918 of the Wo Lee firm. The motion was made in the case of the Wo Lee firm v. the Lam Yat Shing firm.

Mr. C. G. Alabaster, instructed by Mr. G. K. H. Brutton, appeared on behalf of the applicants, the Lam Yat Shing firm, and Mr. Eldon Potter, instructed by Mr. Otto Kong Siag, for the respondents, the Wo Lee firm.

The case for the applicants was that the parties were grass cloth dealers, their goods comprising both the washed and unwashed varieties. It was claimed that the Wo Lee firm had registered trade marks, denoting qualities in the washed and unwashed varieties, which in fact were common to the trade.

ROBBERY CHARGES.

Prisoner who Possessed Key to Back Doors.

To-day at the Magistracy a Chinese, formerly in the service of Mrs. Hill, of Taikoo Terrace, was charged by Inspector Courlay, before Mr. Irving, with robbery.

In the first instance he was accused of having stolen articles to the value of \$100 from Mrs. Hill's house; in the second, with having taken clothing etc., valued at \$150 from the house of Mr. L. Diokson; and in the third, with stealing clothing etc., to the value of \$100 from the house of Mr. J. Mitchell. In prisoner's possession a key was found which opened the back doors of the three houses, all of which are in Taikoo Terrace. Most of the articles belonging to Mrs. Hill have been recovered.

The prisoner was remanded in custody for three days, pending enquiries.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

Australia's Loyalty.

Renton's message from Melbourne concerning Mr. Andrew Fisher's speech is quite too tantalising. It is all very well to inform us that Mr. Fisher declared that "while they did not desire to injure anybody, Australia would not stand by and allow any of His Majesty's dominions to suffer disabilities or injuries without being with them in the strife."

That is all very well and very loyal, but what was Mr. Fisher's point? What was in his mind at the moment that gave rise to such a statement? Talk so straight is not employed by a responsible Colonial statesman without reason, and most readers of the telegram in question would like to have a hint as to the reason.

Wanted—A Strong Man.

The telegram which to-day informs newspaper readers that the engineer apprentices in Scotland have struck, in protest against the Insurance Act, and have sent a telegram to Mr. Lloyd George calling upon him either to amend the Act or to resign, is at once amusing and pathetic. It tickles one, at first thought, that these irresponsible Glasgow youngsters, who run riot occasionally, should send such a message to the Chancellor of the Exchequer. Yet, is it altogether funny? Is it not rather a saddening sign of the decadent pettiness and unadulterated "cheek" of youth to-day? Is it not, again, a proof of the deep-seated unrest at home? The apprentices are only following the example of their elders. The strike spirit is in the air and has affected them. Britain to-day sorely wants one or two big and strong men; and she seems unable to produce them.

The Peking Executions.

There is no doubt but that the summary execution in Peking of two Chinese generals, who were leading spirits in the early days of the Revolution, has precipitated a serious situation. The executions, it will be remembered, were ordered by President Yuan Shih-kai on the recommendation of Vice-President Li, and the reason for the order was alleged intrigue. Both were members of that powerful political organisation, the Tungmenghui (the Jointly Sworn Union), and it is now reported that the party is instructing its members in the Provinces to "take action" against President Yuan, whatever that may precisely mean. The State Council, too, has decided to denounce the two highest officials in the land. What the outcome will be it is not easy to forecast, but there are ugly possibilities in the situation. The strange aspect of the whole affair to the Westerner is that, after ordering the execution of General Chung, the President should announce his intention of awarding a pension to the family of the deceased, should grant permission for the dead General to be buried with full military honours, and should despatch his son to "worship" the deceased. These actions appear to smack somewhat of vacillation.

New Testament Revision.

Readers who value the 1611 translation of the Bible for its superb English, will welcome very heartily a new venture on the part of the Cambridge University Press; to wit: the publication of the Epistle to the Hebrews with corrections "in those places only where it was erroneous or misleading or obscure." We may presume that should the alterations meet with the approval of the Archbishop and of Convocation, other books of the New Testament will be treated in a similar manner. This undoubtedly is the kind of thing that should have been done instead of the tedious and somewhat unthankful producing of the version of 1881. The Revised Version may be useful for reference purposes, and as a key to the Greek Testament; but it could never gain any real hold with a people who had been nourished and suckled on a translation whose every line was a poem in itself. No one will deny that the Authorised Version has many—and in some few cases—serious mistranslations; but, as the new publication will probably show, it was infinitely easier and better to amend these than to moderate what, if only by reason of its very archaism, had become sacred to lovers of fine literature.

THREE POLICEMEN SHOT.

TERRIBLE AFFAIR IN THE NEW TERRITORY.

SAFE IN POLICE STATION BROKEN OPEN AND
SHOPS LOOTED.

Last night, about fifty armed Chinese made a raid on the Police Station at Cheung Chau and, after shooting dead the Indian on duty, proceeded to an inner apartment and killed two more Indians who were preparing for duty. The gang then turned their attention to the safe wherein was contained the whole of the Crown rents collected by the officers during the past weeks. The amount is said to be over \$1,000, and, had the attack been made at another time, the haul might perhaps have been considerably larger. The robbers had no difficulty in breaking open the safe because they were in no danger of being disturbed.

Seized a Launch. To make assurance doubly sure they captured the launch plying between Cheung Chau and Hong Kong and also took care that no craft in the immediate vicinity left the harbour for assistance until they had completed their task.

After clearing the safe the robbers took possession of all the arms and ammunition in the station. Certain men were told off to destroy all the means of communication and to prevent the fourth Indian constable from coming near the scene both of the tragedy and the robbery.

Sergeant Boulger's Escape. Sergeant Patrick Boulger, who is in charge of the locality which by the way is on the main pass to Macao, was, fortunately for himself, in his match on the hillside where it is customary for the European officer to reside in the summer months. To this circumstance he, no doubt, owes his life.

The fourth Indian constable was on patrol and he also stored the good fortune of Sergeant Boulger in not being in or about the station.

News Reaches Hongkong. The Authorities in Hongkong could not possibly be acquainted with what had occurred until the robbers had got well away. In the early hours of this morning two Chinese messengers were despatched to Hongkong in a sailing craft. They were fortunate enough to find a storm launch and thereby shorten the journey by some considerable time.

The Chief Inspector (Mr. Collett) and the Assistant Superintendent, Mr. King, were apprised whilst in bed of what had occurred. H. E. The Governor informed, I. A. Excellency the Governor was also made aware of the tragedy and a wire was sent to the Authorities at Macao.

The reason the wire was sent to Macao was that the robbers are supposed to have made for Colowan Island, which is under the Portuguese Government and is supposed to be a hot-bed of pirates and villainous Chinese.

An armed party, including Messrs. Collett and Wills, left by the Stanley this morning.

INQUIRIES ON THE SPOT.

Inquiries made to-day at the scene of the outrage showed the station itself so orderly that it was difficult to believe, without close investigation, that anything untoward had happened. The premises lead from the water front to the main thoroughfare. The building is a low one with a fairly spacious living room at the front or landward entrance, connecting with a charge room that leads on to the water front. On the left hand side of the last-named apartment there is a small room wherein was contained the safe. This was the only room which showed signs of what had occurred. The floor was strewn with sawdust which came from the safe and formed that part of the packing which renders the receptacle fireproof. The door had been smashed off and the safe itself was the terribly battered. On a table close by were twenty odd cartridges (Mauser pattern) a dagger, some Chinese crackers, a basket head, and a couple of torches. Strange to say a quantity of household silver was on the sideboard in the living room and was not touched.

In an adjoining room a Chinese snored away as though nothing out of the ordinary had occurred. In a passage not far from the sleeping Chinese, a revolver case lay upon the floor as though it had been thrown down by someone hurriedly called upon to use the revolver.

Mr. King said that about ten o'clock two of a gang of fifty or so men approached the landing stage from the water to the police station. An Indian constable was on duty there and he asked them what they wanted. They replied with revolver shots, leaving the unfortunate man mortally wounded. Whilst the two murderers were affecting an entrance from the water front, the remainder broke in the main entrance, and shot dead another Indian constable who was on duty in the street. A third Indian who ran to the scene of the disorder was also mortally wounded. Sentinels kept a strict watch over all the means of access to the station, whether by land or water.

Firing in all Directions.

The men in the launch in front of the station kept firing in all directions and the floating population quickly left the harbour to them.

During the firing two of the robbers in front of the station were shot dead by mistake and lay on the wharf with numerous rounds of ammunition under their bodies.

Immediately the safe had been cleared of the \$1,000 it contained, the robbers attacked a pawnshop called the Chan Young and, breaking the safe open, secured jewellery valued at \$2,400. By this time Sergeant Boulger, who had been in his match, situated two minutes' walk from the station, had gained a position on a roof and commenced to fire on the mob. From the pawnshop the robbers made for a grocer's shop and took away a small safe containing about \$500.

Conveying the Booty.

The robbers secured possession of the steam launch Lee Tuk and had men carrying whatever they had stolen to their launch. The robbers took the crew from the launch Hoi Yuen and transferred them to the Tuk Kee. Eventually they disabled the steering gear of the Hoi Yuen. Even the police boat was used to convey the booty from the launch. The police boat was found at the other side of the bay this morning.

About half past eleven the robbers cleared away and sailed in the direction of Tang Wan or Colowan.

A special police launch set off for the neighbourhood of Tai O this morning, with Inspector Sullivan and Sergeant Watt on board, among other police officers.

Later in the day the bodies of the Indian constables 713, 703 and 769 were conveyed to Hongkong on board the Tuk Kee, Lance Sergeant Wills and Inspector Kerr being in charge.

In the pawnbroker's shop which was ransacked, articles of clothing were strewn all over the floor and the safe, very badly battered, was close by the passage, out of its customary position.

At the grocery establishment the thieves seemed to have wasted neither much time nor energy and, instead of smashing the safe, took it away with them.

The whole of the village was in chaos whilst the firing was going on, and anyone endeavouring to impede the progress of the mob would have met with certain death.

What the Chinese crackers were for can only be conjectured, but it is more than likely that the robbers used these guns to lessen the suspicion of gunfiring.

The people in the sampans had a lively time, and wisely, or unwisely, left the bay to the plunderers. The arms used by the robbers were of the latest Mauser automatic pattern, and the success of

the attack points to careful plotting and planning by the parties. The safe at the police station was one of Messrs. Phillips and Sons fireproof ones, but from its shape at the moment it did not appear to have offered any great resistance to the hammers of the robbers.

No arrests had been made up to the time this report was written, though the police are leaving

no stone unturned to trace the band. The Hongkong Authorities cannot do anything at Colowan because it is under the rule of the Portuguese. Though the Macao officials were communicated with early this morning, no contingent from that town had arrived at one o'clock to-day.

Mr. King, with a posse of police, remains in the locality superintending the police investigations, and it would not be surprising before many hours have elapsed if there have been sensational developments.

Business is being carried on locally without any hindrance from the upset of the villagers—though the presence of the police renewed some of the excitement that reigned last night, and the sampan women cry out for passengers as though nothing had happened.

CANTON NEWS.

The Executions in Peking.

(The "Telegraph" Correspondent.) Canton, August 10.

Vice-President Li has telegraphed to President Yuan, the Ministry of State Affairs, the State Council and the Governor-General of the various provinces, giving particulars of the high treason committed by Generals Chang Chun-wu and Fong Wai, members of the Jointly Sworn Union. In the telegram, Vice-President Li says that at this time, when the foundation of the Republic has only just been laid, it behoves all soldiers to protect the peace and maintain their reputation. He says that Generals Chang and Fong Wai had repeatedly incited the people in Hupoh to create a rebellion and to work hand in glove with the local ruffians. They were the ring-leaders in several cases of trouble which had occurred in Hupoh. However, as they had rendered valuable services to the Republic Government during the revolution, Vice-President Li forgave them, and recommended them to President Yuan for appointment as a return for their services during the Revolution. But they secretly returned to Hupoh and attempted to create a rising. They demanded money from Vice-President Li, and had wasted several thousand dollars in riotous living in Shanghai. Besides, they posted their followers in different places and established deliberative bodies. This time, Vice-President Li hurried them to Peking, in order to get rid of them, and he hoped they would turn over a new leaf. However, they made a daring attempt to put the whole country in trouble, and their plot was openly planned. Under these circumstances, Vice-President Li was obliged to telegraph to President Yuan and have them executed in accordance with martial law. Vice-President Li also begs President Yuan to pension the families of the deceased for having rendered active services during the Revolution, and also to grant free pardon to their misguided followers. Vice-President Li also says that if anybody should be blamed it is he, for having formed a wrong opinion of these two conspirators.

to People Bitten by Shanghai Dogs.

The Shanghai Municipal Gazette reports that during the last few weeks 10 persons have been bitten by unmuzzled dogs, three of the injured persons being police constables, one a foreigner, who were bitten while endeavouring to catch unmuzzled canines. "During this time of the year," says the Gazette, "when the danger from rabies is most to be looked for, the co-operation of the public is earnestly requested in preventing dogs from being at large unmuzzled."

DON'T FORGET.

To-day.

Criminal Sessions.

Tuesday, Aug. 20.

Lady May at Home, at Mount Lodge.

Friday, Aug. 23.

Sale of Crown Land, P.W.D. Bandmann Opera Co., Theatre Royal.

Saturday, Aug. 24.

Annual Meeting Messrs. W. Powell, Ltd.

Bandmann Opera Co., Theatre Royal.

Thursday, Aug. 29.

Property Sale, Mr. G. P. Lam-mert.

Saturday, Aug. 31.

Aquatic Fete V.R.C., 9 p.m.

LAW LIST.

Supreme Court.

Original Jurisdiction.

Before the Chief Justice.

To-day.

Criminal Sessions.

Today's Advertisement

DRAGON CYCLE DEPOT

The PROPRIETOR of the DRAGON CYCLE DEPOT, 24 Des Vaux Road, in the Colony of Hongkong, has been appointed SOLE AGENT for the well known OVERLAND MOTOR CARS. Several models have been ordered and are due to arrive early in October. The OVERLAND has the LARGEST SALE in ENGLAND of ANY AMERICAN MADE CAR and is sold at popular Prices. Tel. 482.

ment. So far from that being the case, the Canton Government was in favour of the scheme and hoped for the early establishment of the Corporation in view of the present financial strain.

A Stormy Meeting.

There was a stormy meeting of the Canton Council the other day in connection with the proposal to secure a loan of \$30,000,000 for the formation of a Canton-Railway Banking Corporation, with the Canton-Hankow Railway as security, on the lines put forward by Sun Yi-mei, Vice-President of the Canton Council. The opposing members argued that the scheme led to the control of China's finance by foreigners. Moreover it was asked how could they make use of the Canton-Hankow Railway as security for a loan in order to pay the expenditure of the Provincial Government, as it was only to be expected that the shareholders of the Railway would raise strong opposition. The question of the taking over of the Treasury by the Bank was greatly criticised, and it was pointed out that the Bank had no power to issue notes, as such power was centralized by the Peking Government. The opinion was expressed that there were no other remedies than to raise foreign loans in order to maintain the state of Canton's money market. As regards the feared control of China's finance by the foreign nations, this entirely depended on the terms of the agreement and the shareholders would be benefited. It was asserted that very little progress had been made on the collection of the third calls of the Canton-Hankow Railway shares, and consequently there was considerable delay in the construction of the line. The raising of foreign loans meant the earlier completion of the line. However, these arguments were cast aside, it being contended that it was impossible for the Corporation to maintain the paper currency and to push on the construction of the line at the same time.

Mining Accidents in Northumbria.

Accidents in coal mines in Cumberland, Durham, and Northumberland during 1911, according to a report issued by Mr. J. B. Atkinson, his Majesty's Inspector of Mines, resulted in the loss of 122 lives—about 1 per cent. of the persons employed.

Killed by Lightning.

The municipal treasurer of Victoria, Philippines, was killed in a recent storm by a stroke of lightning, says a Manila Exchange.

Two labourers in the fields were also killed by the same agency in the barrio of Barong in the same province.

NOTICE.

M. W. LOGAN having resigned his appointment with this Company as from the 15th June, 1912, we hereby give notice that his Power of Attorney is withdrawn.

DAVID SASSOON & CO., LD.,
H. Inverness, 20th Aug., 1912. [602]

THE ORIENTAL BREWERY, LIMITED.
(In Liquidation.)

TAKE NOTICE that a meeting of the creditors in the above matter will be held at No. 31, Des Vaux Road, Central, Victoria, Hongkong, on the 31st day of August, 1912, at 10.30 in the forenoon, for the purpose of determining whether an application shall be made to the Court for the appointment of any person as liquidator in the place, or joint liquidator, of the liquidator appointed by the Company, or for the appointment of a committee of inspection.

Dated this twentieth day Aug., 1912
E. J. WATERMAN,
Liquidator.
Hongkong, 20th August, 1912. [603]

NORDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN.

IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL LINE.

JAPAN-CHINA-AUSTRALIA LINE.

For KOBE and YOKOHAMA.

THE Steamship

"PRINZ SIGISMUND."

Captain D. Lenz, will leave for the above places TO-DAY, TUESDAY, the 20th inst., at 6 p.m.

This splendid steamer is specially fitted for passengers and installed throughout with Electric Light.

A duly qualified Surgeon and Stewardess are carried.

NORDEUTSCHER LLOYD, MEDELBURG & CO., General Agents.

Hongkong, 19th June, 1912. [7]

NOTICE

TO SHIPPERS.

IMPERIAL RUSSIAN

VOLUNTEER

FLEET.

The Hongkong Agency of the Imperial Russian Volunteer Fleet from this date will accept cargo and issue through bills of lading for the following ports:—

(a) Vladivostok, Nagasaki, Sing-poo, Penang, Colombo, Djibouti, Aden, Djeddah, Suez, Port Said, Constantinople, Odessa, Batoum—with direct steamer.

(b) Nikolaevsk, Hakodate, Petropavlovsk and all Northern Ports of Asia—with transshipment at Vladivostok.

(c) Naples, Genoa, Trieste, Marseille, Jaffa, Alexandria, Tripoli, Alexandria, Beyrouth, Pyraeus, Smyrna, Chio, Mitylene, Salonica—with transshipment at Port Said.

(d) Theodosia, Sebastopol, Novorossiysk, Trebizond and all ports of Black and Azov Seas—with transshipment at Odessa or Batoum. Specially rates of freight for all mentioned ports are terminated.

Next steamer to Vladivostok, s.s. "Yaroslav" 4,494 R.T. Commander L. Alexeeff, is expected at Hongkong about 29th of present month.

Next steamer to Europe, s.s. Nijal Norogord 3,887 R.T. Commander S. Kostromiloff, is expected at Hongkong about 31st of the present month.

For further particulars, apply to: CAPT. D. A. LUKHMANOFF, Agent, Hotel Marlborough, 2nd floor.

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

Dining out this evening. Bridge? No; Poker. That means a late night? Yes, and a thirsty morning! and KIPPERED HERRING for breakfast AND an excuse for a cocktail or two at eleven.

August 12, 1912.

All things are good until something better comes along.

HUNT'S

PORTS and SHERRIES

Are better than most and have no superior. This statement is not for wine Connoisseurs. THEY have long known its truth.

We make a specialty of high-class Ports and Sherries.

SPECIFY HUNT'S.

GARNER QUELCH & CO.

SOLE AGENTS.

Tel. 636.

"THREE CASTLES" CIGARETTES

We could make them Cheaper

BUT WE WON'T

We would make them Better

BUT WE CAN'T

W. D. & H. O. WILLS, BRISTOL & LONDON.

S.O.A.E.O.

FAR EAST OXYGEN AND ACETYLENE CO., LTD.

AUTODIEGENOUS WELDING.

repair of boilers and hulls, welding of cracks. Renewing of corroded plates by addition of metal. Welding of broken pieces of any kind of metal.

OFFICE: St. George's Building, 3rd Floor, Telephone 1088. [45]

IMITATED BY MANY



A DISTINCTIVE BOTTLE.

A DISTINGUISHED WHISKY.

EQUALLED BY NONE.

Price per Case, 1 doz. Quarts, Duty Paid, \$21.00.

SOLE AGENTS:

GANDE PRICE & CO., LTD.

Wine Merchants.

Telephone No. 135.

12, Queen's Road, Central, Hongkong.

Hongkong, 10th August 1912.

Shipping

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY'S.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP LINE.

"EMPEROR LINE."

Sailings from Hongkong and Quebec.

"E. of India"....Satur. Aug. 24 "E. of Britain".... Sept. 20.
 "E. of Japan".... Sept. 14 "Allan Line".... Oct. 11.
 "Monteagle".... Oct. 5 "E. of Ireland".... Nov. 1.

All steamers leave Hongkong at 6 P.M.

75 Vancouver, B.C. calling at Shanghai, Nagasaki (through the Inland Sea of Japan), Kobe, Yokohama and Victoria, B.C.
 Passengers booked to all the principal points in Canada, the United States and Europe, also around the World.
 For further information, Maps, Guide Books, Rates of Passage and Freight, apply to—
 D. W. Craddock, General Traffic Agent,
 89, Corner Pedder Street and Praya (Opposite Blake Pier).

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

(PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.—SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.)

For Steamship (On)
 SHANGHAI.....KWONGSANG.....Friday, 28th Aug., Noon.
 SINGAPORE & SOURA.....CHUNSAO.....Saturday, 24th Aug., Noon.
 MANILA.....LOONGSANG.....Saturday, 24th Aug., 2 P.M.
 TIENTSIN & SWATOW.....CHIPSHING.....Saturday, 24th Aug., D'light.
 SHANGHAI, KOBE & MOJI.....NAMSANG.....Thursday, 23rd Aug., Noon.
 SINGAPORE, PENANG & CALCUTTA.....POOKSANG.....Friday, 30th Aug., Noon.
 MANILA.....YUENSANG.....Saturday, 31st Aug., 2 P.M.

RETURN TOURS TO JAPAN (Occupying 24 days).
 The steamers "Kutsang," "Namsang" and "Pooksang" leave about every 3 weeks for Shanghai and Japan returning via Kobe (Inland Sea) and Moji to Hongkong. Time occupied 20 days. This service is supplemented by the "Lansang" and "Kunsang" leaving Hongkong at regular intervals for Moji and Kobe and returning thence direct to Hongkong. Time occupied 16 days. These vessels have all modern improvements and are fitted throughout with Electric Light.

A duly qualified surgeon is also carried.
 Steamers have superior accommodation for First-class Passengers, and are fitted throughout with Electric Light.

† Taking Cargo on Through Bills of Lading to Yangtze Ports, Choochow, Tientsin, via Chingwantao.

§ Taking Cargo on Through Bills of Lading to Kuntai, Lahad Dato, Simporna, Tawau, Usukan, Jesselton and Labuan.
 For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LD., General Managers. Telephone No. 215.

"SHIRE" LINE OF STEAMERS, LD.

PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.)

For Steamship (On)
 LONDON, LEITH & CARMARTHENSHIRE. About 24th Aug.
 ANTWERP.....CARMARTHENSHIRE.....About 24th Aug.
 SHANGHAI, N'BAKI, DEN OF CLAMIS..... 5th Sept.
 KOBE & YOKOHAMA.....FLINTSHIRE..... 1st Oct.
 SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA..... 1st Oct.

These steamers have superior accommodation for a limited number of First Class Passengers. Cabins are situated amidships, and are fitted with electric light and fans. Attention is particularly directed to the moderate fares charged. For Freight or Passage, apply to

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LD., AGENTS. [94]

HONGKONG, CANTON, MACAO, AND WEST RIVER STEAMERS.

Joint Service of
 THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.,
 AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.,
 HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.

HONGKONG TO CANTON CANTON TO HONGKONG

TUESDAY, 20th AUGUST.

10.00 p.m. "KINSHAN" 5.00 p.m. "FATSHAN."

WEDNESDAY, 21st AUGUST.

8.00 a.m. "HEUNGSHAN" 8.00 a.m. "HONAM."

10.00 p.m. "FATSHAN" 5.00 p.m. "KINSHAN."

These steamers, carrying His Majesty's Mails, are the largest and fastest on the River. Special attention is drawn to the Superior Saloon and Cabin. Electric Fan in each Cabin.

HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.

S.S. "SUI TAI" Tons 1661 S.S. "SUI AN" Tons 1661

HONGKONG TO MACAO.

Week days at 8 A.M. & 2 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf. Sunday at 9 A.M. & 12.30 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf.

MACAO TO HONGKONG.

Week days at 7.30 A.M. and 2 P.M. Sundays, at 7.30 A.M. and 5 P.M.

EXCURSION TO MACAO.

SUNDAY, 25th AUGUST.

The Company's Steamship.

"SUI AN."

will depart from the Company's WING LOK WHARF at 9 A.M. Departure from Macao at 4 P.M.

N.B.—The Company will also run a steamer from Macao on Sunday morning at 7.30 A.M. and from Hongkong at 12.30 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf.

This steamer connects with the excursion steamer returning from Macao at 5 P.M.

FARES AS USUAL.

Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the Company.

CANTON-MACAO LINE.

S.S. HOI-SANG, 457 Tons.

Departures from Macao to Canton on Mon., Wednes., & Fri., at 6 P.M.

Departures from Canton to Macao on Tues., Thurs., & Satur., at 4.30 P.M.

JOINT SERVICE OF

HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., THE CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD., AND THE INDIA-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

CANTON-WUCHOW LINE.

S.S. "SAINAM," 588 Tons, and "NANNING," 588 Tons.

One of the above steamers leaves Canton for Wuchow every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at about 8 A.M., and the other leaves Wuchow for Canton on the same days at 8.30 A.M. Round trips take about 5 days. Passengers can return to Hongkong or vice versa by the Company's direct steamers "LINTAN" and "SANUL." These vessels have superior Cabin accommodation and are fitted throughout by electricity. Electric Fan in each Cabin.

Bookings Office open daily (Sundays excepted) 9 A.M. to 5 P.M.

Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the

HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

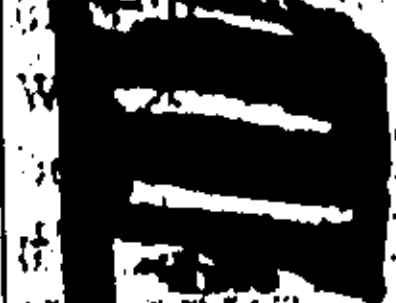
HOTEL MANSIONS (FIRST FLOOR).

Opposite the Blake Pier.

Shipping

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

THE JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.



PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG—SUBJECT TO ALTERATION

Destination Steamers and Displacement Sailing Dates

MARSEILLES, LONDON & ANTWERP VIA SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, SUEZ & PORT SAID

MISHIMA MARU, Capt. A. E. Moses, T. 16,000 WEDNESDAY, 28th Aug., at Daylight

KAGA MARU, Capt. Tabusa, T. 12,500 WEDNESDAY, 11th Sept., at Daylight

VICTORIA, B.O., & SEATTLE VIA KANAGAWA, S'PAI, MOJI, KOBÉ, SHIDZUOKA MARU, Capt. Iizawa, T. 12,500 TUESDAY, 27th Aug., at 4 P.M.

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE VIA MANILA, THURSDAY ISLAND, TOWNVILLE and BRISBANE, NIKKO MARU, Capt. M. Yagi, T. 9,000 FRIDAY, 30th Aug., at Noon

BOMBAY & SINGAPORE & COLOMBO, BOMBAY MARU, Capt. Noguishi, T. 5,000 MONDAY, 2nd September, at Noon

N'BAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA, KUMANO MARU, Capt. M. Winkler, T. 9,000 WEDNESDAY, 28th Aug., at Noon

SHANGHAI & MOJI & KOBE, WAKASA MARU, Capt. Nishida, T. 12,500 WEDNESDAY, 28th August, at 4 P.M.

SHANGHAI & KOBE, TOTOMI MARU, Capt. Kawashima, T. 5,000 MONDAY, 26th August, at Noon

Fitted with new system of wireless telegraphy.

Cargo only.

CALCUTTA LINE.

Regular fortnightly service between Kobe and Calcutta via Moji, Hongkong, Singapore, Penang and Rangoon.

NEXT SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG:

S.S. TOSA MARU, Capt. Sato, Tons 6,000 SATURDAY, 24th Aug.

REDUCED SUMMER RATES BETWEEN HONGKONG AND JAPAN PORTS.

SPECIAL EXCURSION TICKETS (1st & 2nd class) available for 3 months

YOKOHAMA KOBE MOJI NAGASAKI

Return Return Return Return

1st class \$135 \$122 \$108 \$95

2nd class \$81 \$75 \$65 \$57

With option of Rail between Steamer's Calling ports in Japan.

For further information apply to

Telephone Nos. 232 & 1241.

T. KUSUMOTO, Manager.

5]

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

For Steamship (On) To Sail

HOIHOW & HAIPHONG....."SUNGKIANG".....22nd Aug. 8 A.M.

WEIHAIWEI & TIENTSIN....."HUICHOW".....22nd " Noon

SHANGHAI....."CHENAN".....22nd " 4 P.M.

NINGPO & SHANGHAI....."HANGCHOW".....23rd " 4 P.M.

SHANGHAI....."LINAN".....24th " M'night

MANILA, ORBU & LOLO....."KAIFONG".....27th " 4 P.M.

IN CONJUNCTION WITH AUSTRALIAN ORIENTAL LINE.

MANILA, ZAMBOANGA, THURSDAY ISLAND, COOKTOWN, CAIRNS, TOWNSVILLE, BRISBANE, SYDNEY & MELBOURNE....."CHANGSHA".....28th Aug., 4 P.M.

This steamer has superior accommodation with Electric Light throughout and Electric Fan in Staterooms. A duly qualified Doctor is carried. Reduced Fares, Cargo booked through for all Australia, New Zealand and Tasmanian Ports.

DIRECT SAILING TO WEST RIVER, Twice Weekly.

S.S. "LINTAN" and S.S. "SANUL"

MANILA LINE—Twin screw Steamers "Tan" and "Taming," saloon accommodation amidships; electric fans fitted; extra state-rooms on deck, aft. Saloon accommodation of s.s. "Kallong" is situated on deck, aft; Electric Fans fitted.

SHANGHAI LINE—FAST SCHEDULE TWIN-SCREW STEAMERS (Anhui, Chusan, Lian, Chinkwa)—with excellent passenger accommodation. Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in the State-rooms and Dining Saloon, leave Hongkong for Shanghai direct every Thursday and Sunday, taking cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports.

N.B.—Passengers must embark before midnight on Saturday for the Sunday morning sailings. A Company's launch leaves Murray Pier at 10 o'clock every Saturday night.

These steamers land passengers in Shanghai, avoiding the inconvenience of transshipment at Wusung.

Reduced Fares:—Single \$45. Return \$75.

NEW SERVICE.

SHANGHAI TO ANTUNG

Sailing on alternate Wednesdays.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

Telephone No. 38. BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE. Agents. Hongkong, 19th August, 1912.

Shipping

HONGKONG—PHILIPPINES.

PHILIPPINES STEAMSHIP CO.

Steamship Tons Captain For Sailing Date

ZAFIRO... 4000 M. O. Smith. Manila, Mangarin, Iloilo and Cebu. WED. DAY, 21st Aug., 4 P.M.

RUBI... 4000 S. A. Crosby. Manila, Mangarin, Iloilo and Cebu. THURSDAY, 22nd Aug., 4 P.M.

For Freight or Passage apply to

SHEWAN TOMES & CO., GENERAL MANAGERS

Hongkong 16th August, 1912. [14]

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.

Regular Fortnightly Service between JAVA, CHINA and JAPAN.

Steamer From Expected on or about For Will leave on or about

Tjibodas.....JAVA.....2nd half Aug.....JAPAN.....2nd half Aug.

Tjilatjap.....JAVA.....2nd half Aug.....SHANGHAI.....2nd half Aug.

Tjilong.....JAVA.....2nd half Aug.....JAPAN.....1st half Sept.

Tjilman.....JAVA.....1st half Sept.....SHANGHAI.....1st half Sept.

Tjitaroen.....JAPAN.....1st half Sept.....JAPAN.....1st half Sept.

Tjimanoeck.....JAVA.....1st half Sept.....JAPAN.....2nd half Sept.

Tjilani.....JAVA.....2nd half Sept.....JAPAN.....2nd half Sept.

Tjipanas.....JAVA.....2nd half Sept.....JAPAN.....2nd half Sept.

The steamers are all fitted throughout with Electric Light, and have accommodation for a limited number of saloon passengers, and will take cargo to all Ports in Netherlands-India on through B/L.

For particulars of Freight and Passage, apply to the

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN,

Telephone No. 375

York Building. [15]

TOYO KISEN KAISHA

Imperial Japanese Trans-Pacific Mail Line.

SAN FRANCISCO LINE

Connecting with the Western Pacific Railway at San Francisco to all points in the United States and Canada and with Trans-Atlantic Lines to Europe. PROPOSED SAILING FROM HONGKONG. (Subject to alteration.)

Steamer Tons Captain Date of sailing

S.S. "Shinyo Maru".....21,000.....H. S. Smith.....Sept. 10th, Noon.

S.S. "Chiyo Maru".....11,000.....W. W. Greene.....Oct. 8th, Noon.

S.S. "Nippon Maru".....21,000.....A. G. Stevens.....Oct. 29th, Noon.

These steamers are equipped with Turbine Engines and Triple Screw.

All steamers carry Japanese Government wireless telegraph and post office.

INTERMEDIATE SERVICE.

The twin screw steamer "Nippon Maru" will be despatched for SAN FRANCISCO via SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA & HONOLULU on TUESDAY, the 20th October, at Noon.

SOUTH AMERICAN LINE.

In connection with the National Railway of Mexico at Manzanillo and the Tehuantepec National Railway at Salina Cruz.

Only Regular Direct Service to Mexican, Chilean and Peruvian Ports.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG (Subject to Alteration.)

Steamer Tons Date of Sailing

Bayo Maru.....10,500.....Friday, October 4, Noon.

Hongkong Maru.....11,000.....Tuesday, December 3, Noon.

Kiyo Maru.....17,500.....Saturday, February 1, 1913.

For Further Particulars as to Passage and Freight, apply to

S. MORIMOTO, Agent.

(KING'S BUILDING Opposite Blake Pier)

Going Home?

WHY NOT

A Holiday at Home, and a way to get there that's a holiday.

See the banners of Japan, of Honolulu, (the Paradise of the Pacific), of California, of Colorado, and the fascination of Niagara, San Francisco, Chicago and New York.

Every "travel vint" tourist takes the deservedly famous U.S. MAIL Steamers of the

PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO.

Steamers of Limitless Luxury. Splendidly appointed "Homes on the Water." Wireless Telegraphy. Submarine Fog Signals. Excellent String Orchestra. Meals for epicures under the supervision of chefs of International Repute.

The Cost: is not more by this route with its unrivalled opportunities, than by any other route. For a return ticket to London the cost is but £120, including berth and meals across America. To San Francisco via Japan and Honolulu the cost is £45. For the INTERMEDIATE SERVICE First Class accommodations are provided for £48 to London (return ticket £74) and to San Francisco £25.

SPECIAL RATES to officers, Army, Navy, Consular or Civil Service.

Steamers:

Peris.....9,000 Tons Starting Aug. 27th, at 1 p.m.

Korea.....18,000 " " Sept. 3rd, at 1 p.m.

Siberia.....18,000 " " Sept. 17th, at 1 p.m.

China.....20,200 " " Sept. 24th, at 1 p.m.

Manchuria.....27,000 " " Oct. 1st, at 1 p.m.

Nile.....11,000 " " Oct. 15th, at 1 p.m.

Intermediate Steamers.

LET US PLAN AN ITINERARY FOR YOU

King's Building (Opp. Blake Pier) FR ID J. HALTON, Telephone No. 141

Hongkong, 1st August, 1912. Agent. [569]

WING KEE & CO.

47-49, Connaught Rd.

SHIPCHANDLERS,

PROVISION & COAL

MERCHANTS

Hongkong, 2nd May, 1911.

MEE CHEUNG.

ART PHOTOGRAPHER

HONGKONG.

TELEPHONE NO. 1012.

Developing, Printing & Enlarging

Hongkong, 1st May, 1911.

LOG BOOK.

Notice is given by the Shanghai Harbour Master that conservancy work is in operation at Phosent Point. Captains and pilots are instructed to steam at slow speed when passing the works in course of construction and conservancy craft engaged in dredging, etc. Any vessel disregarding this notice will be held responsible for damage thereby caused to the conservancy works or boats.

Dynamite for Panama Canal.

It is estimated that only 3,980,950lb. of dynamite will be required for the Panama Canal work during the year beginning July 1 next. The amounts purchased in past years were as follows: In 1907, 5,087,000lb.; 1908, 6,822,000lb.; 1909, 8,270,000lb.; 1910, 10,403,800lb.; 1911, 9,501,850lb.; 1912, 8,533,000lb. The comparatively small amount estimated for the forthcoming year is due to the approaching completion of the excavation work.

Japan's China Trade.

The export trade with China has been somewhat dull since June, but on the whole trade has been better than last year. During July the shipment of goods to Shanghai and South China has shown very marked increase, and the export of hats of the Kobe Customs has been congested with goods for shipment to China. Such activity in export trade to China has not been seen since 1907, and all the steamers on the Shanghai service of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha are carrying full cargoes. Exports to North China show a slight decrease, but on the whole there is a noticeable increase in the China export trade.

S.S. Tranquebar.

The Danish steamer, Tranquebar, bound from Suez to Singapore, put into Colombo harbour on July 28 owing to the illness of her captain who is laid up with an attack of fever and complications. Captain Licht was taken ashore the next morning and went to the General Hospital. The Tranquebar resumed her voyage to Singapore in the afternoon, the chief officer taking command.

Singapore's Wireless Station.

The wireless telegraphy station that is to be opened at Colombo on July 22 is understood to be of low power and only able to meet the requirements of shipping, says an Australian paper. A larger station is to be erected in the Straits Settlements, which will be capable of communicating with the high power stations now being completed at Fremantle. This will form one of the links in the Imperial chain to bind the Empire.

S.S. Chiyo Maru

The Toyo Kisen Kaisha steamship Chiyo Maru, Captain W. W. Greene, left Yokohama for America on August 4 and put out to sea in the midst of heavy weather which existed off the coast of Japan since the previous day, says the "Japan Advertiser." The vessel carried a cargo and about 700 passengers of all classes, fully fifty first cabin passengers booking from Yokohama.

Among the other passengers were a large number of Japanese of Hawaiian birth, who have been in this country for the past several weeks visiting temples and other features of their "Fatherland." To celebrate the occasion of the return, the management of the Toyo Kisen Kaisha placed aboard the vessel a brass band and orchestra, the music being made up of Japanese instrumentalists. This is the first time a complete band of music of Japanese musicians has been engaged aboard a trans-Pacific liner, and their appearance and efforts are likely to cause rare interest on the San Francisco side as well as on board during the trip.

In fact, it is said, this is the first time that any Japanese shipping company has placed musical entertainment aboard their vessels for regular service. It is likely that this feature will enhance the already widespread popularity of the Chiyo Maru, which under the command of Captain Greene, is counted one of the happiest vessels to make a trans-oceanic trip of all the line.

European Ports.

HOTEL LISTS

Archer, A. E.	Murphy, Mrs.
Blincoe, S. J.	Potter, Miss
Cornell, W. A.	Smith, Mr. G.
Devick, A. C.	Smith, E. Grace
.....	Thomas, H. W.

MARKET PRICES.

Hongkong, August 16, 1912.
BUTCHER MEAT.

	Cts.
Beef Sirloin & Prime Cut, —Moi Lung Pa	20
" Corned, —Ham Ngau Yuk	20
" Roast, —Shiu	16
" Breast, —Nagu Lam	15
" Soup, —Tong Yuk	20
" Steak, —Ngau Yuk Pa	30
" do, —Sirloin Cotoon—Ngau Lau	24
" Sausages, —Ngau Ching	45
Bullock's Brains, —Know	80
" Tongue fresh, —Ngau Li	80
" corned, —Ham Ngau Li	80
" Head, —Ngau Tan	12
" Hoat, —Ngau Sum	9
" Hump, Salt, —Ngau Kin	9
" Feet, —Ngau Kask	9
" Kidneys, —Ngau Yi	18
" Tail, —Ngau Moi	12
" Liver, —Ngau Kon	6
" Tripe (undressed), —Ngau To	31
Calve Head & Feet, —Ngau-chai-kau-kark	22
" Chop, —Yeung Pei Kwat	22
" Leg, —Yeung Poi	20
" Shoulder, —Young Shau	22
Pigs Chittlings, —Chu Ohong	24
" Brains, —Chu Know	12
" Feet, —Chu Kark	25
" Fry, —Chu Ohak	15
" Head, —Chu Tau	13
" Heart, —Chu Sum	9
" Kidneys, —Chu Yiu	30
" Liver, —Chu Con	20
Pork, Chop, —Chu Pai Kwat	24
" Corned, —Ham Chu Yuk	24
" Leg, —Chu Po	15
" Fat or Lard, —Chu Yu	15
Sheep Head and Feet, —Chu Kark	50
" Hoat, —Young Sum	9
" Kidneys, —Young Yiu	24
" Liver, —Young Con	22
Sucking Pigs, To Order—Chu Chu	20
Suet, Beef—San, Ngau Yan	22
" Mutton, —Sung Young Yau	20
" Veal, —Ngau Chai Yuk	20
" Sausages, —Ngau Chai Ching	20

POULTRY.

	Cts.
Chicken, —Kai Chai	36
Oupons, Large, Small, —Sin Kai	25
Ducks, —AP	22
Doves, —Pan Kau	24
Eggs, Hen—Kai Tan	36
Fowls, Canton, —Kai	28
" Hainan, —Hoi Nam Kai	30
Geese, —Ngor	30
Goose, Wild Shai, —Shang-ho Yea Ngor	25
Mus Deer, —Wong Kang	25
Hare, Shanghai, —Tu Chai	25
Partridge, —Che Khoo	25
Pheasant, —Shan Kai	32
Pigeons, Canton, —Pak Kup	25
" Hoihow, —Hoi How Pak Kup	25
Quail, —Um Chun	25
Rice Birds, —Wo Fa Cheul	25
Snipe, —Sa Choy	60
Turkeys, Cook, —Phor Kai Kung	45
" Hen, —Na	45
Wild Ducks, Shai—Shang hoi Sui Ap	25
" Teal, —Sui Ap Chai	25
Wild Ducks Canton—Sang-Shing Sai Ap	25

FISH.

	Cts.
Barbel, —Ka Yu	17
Bream, —Bin Yu	17
Canton Fresh Water Fish, —Hoi Sin Yu	20
Carp, —Li Yu	18
Catfish, —Chik Yu	17
Codfish, —Man Yu	20
Crabs, —Hai	16
Cuttle Fish, —Muk Yu	15
Dab, —Sa Mang Yu	12
Dace, —Wong Mei Lun	12
Dog Fish, —Tui Tu Sa	16
Eels, Congor, —Hoi Mann	17
" Fresh water, —Tam Sin Yu	32
Eels, Yellow, —Wong Sin	36
Frogs, —Tien Kai	62
Garoupe, —Sek Pan	12
Gudgeon, —Pak Kip Yu	20
Herrings, —Tao Pak	28
Halibut, —Cheung Kwan Kup	18
Labrus, —Wong Ka Yu	28
Loach, —Wo Yu	48
Lobsters, —Lung Ha	28
Mackerel, —Chi Yu	32
Monk Fish, —Mong Yu	28
Mullet, —Chik Yu	20
Oysters, —Hoo	20
Parrotfish, —Kung Yu	16
Pike, —Fa Pau Poong	18
Pike, —Pau Yu	22
Pomfret, Black, —Hak Chong	32
Pomfret, White, —Pak Chong	48
Prawn, —Ming Ha	16
Rock Fish, —Sak Ka Kung	10
Shrimp, —Yau	10

肉食

	Cts.
Salmon, —Ma Yan Y	40
Shark, —Sa Yu	11
Skate, —Po Yu	32
Shrimps, —Ha	36
Snapper, —Lap Yu	24
Soles, —Tat Sa Yu	18
Tench, —Wan Yu	24
Turbot, —Cho How Yu	56
Turtles, small, fresh, water, —Kork Yu	—
White Bait, —Ngau Yu Chai	—

FRUITS

	Cts.
Almonds, —Hung Yau	25
Apples (California), —Kam San Ping Kho	15
" (Chafoo), —Tin Chun Ping Kho	—
" Small, —Hoi Tong	—
" Cuscuta, —Fan Lai Chi	—
Bananas, fragrant, Canton, —San Shing Heung Chiu	13
" (brides), —Macao, —San Heung Chiu	4
Chestnuts, Chinese, —Foong Lut	15
Carambola, —Yeung Tue	10
Cocoanuts, —Yeh Tse	10
Lemons, China, —Ning Moong	8
" America, —Kum San Ning Moon	12
Lichees Dried, —Lai Chi, small Stone	25
" Fresh	10
Limes, (Saigon), —Sai Kung Ning Moong	—
Mango, Manila, —Lai Sung Mong	—
Mangosteens, —San Chuk Tse	30
Oranges, (Canton), —San-shing Tim Ching	30
" Sweet	30
Pears, (American), —Kam San Shio Lay	10
" (Canton), —Cooking, —Sa Lay	10
Peanuts, —Fa Sang	15
Persimmons Large, —Hung Chai	15
Pine-apples, 1st quality, —Poon Ti Paw Law	8
" 2nd, —Chung-tang Paw Law	8
Plantain, —Tai Chou	10
Plums, —Swatow, Hung Lai	15
Pumelo, Siam, —Ohim Lo Yau	15
" Shanghai, —Lo Kwat	14
Walnuts, —Hop Tuo	15
" Green, —Sung Hop Tuo	15
Water Melon, —(Am.) Kam San Sai Kwa	3
" (China) Sai Kwa	3
Grapes, —Sang Po Tai Tse	15

VEGETABLES, &c.

	Cts.
Artichokes, Shanghai, —Sheung-hoi Ah Chi	15
Beans, (French), —Macao, —Oh Mou Pin Tau	—
" (French) Shanghai, —Shuang Hai Pin	—
" Tau	5
" Sprout, —Ah Cho	8
" Long, —Tau Ko	8
Beet Root, —Hung Chai Tau	5
Brinjals, Green, —Ching Yuen	6
" Red, —Hung Ker	6
Cabbage, Chinese, com, —Kai Choy	10
Cabbage Red, —Hung Yea Choy	10
Cabbage, Shanghai, —Yeh Chai	15
Cano Shoots, bunch, —Kau Shun	15
Cauliflower, Large size, —Tai Yeh Cho Fa	—
" Medium size, —Cheung Yeh Cho Fa	—
" Small size, —Sai Yen Chai Fa	10
Carrots, —Kam Shum	10
Celery, Chinese, —Tong Kan Chai	10
" English, —Yeung Kan Chai	20
Chillies Dried, —Gon Lat Chiu	15
" Red, —Hung Far Chiu	10
" Green, —Ching Lat Chiu	10
Curry Stuff, English, —Kar Lee Chiu Liu	10
Cucumbers, —Ching Kwa	2
Ritter Squash, —Fa Kwa	8
Garlic, —Que Tau	6
Ginger, young, —Sun Tao Keung	8
" old, —Lo Keung	8
Horse Radish, Shanghai, —Lik Kan	10
Indian Corn, —Sak Mai	1
Lettuce, —Yeung Sang Chai	15
Water Chestnuts, —Ma Tai	10
Mandarin, —Kwai Lum Ma Tai	10
Mushrooms, Fresh, —Sang Cho Koo	10
Mush Melon, Amer, —Kam-san Hong Kwa	15
Okroos, —	15
Onions Bombay, —Yeung Chong Tau	8
" Green, —Sang Chong	8
" Shanghai, —Shang-hoi Chong Tau	8
Papaw, 1st qual, —Tai Man Sau Kwa	8
" 2nd, —Chong	8
Paraley, —Kun Cho	15
Green Peas, —Ching Tau	3
Potatoes, Sweet, —Fan Shu	3
" Shanghai, —Shang-hoi Shu Tse	3
" Japan, —Yat Poon Shu Tse	8
" American, —Fa Ki Shu Tse	8
" Koochow, —Foo-chow Shu Tse	8
Pumpkin, —Tong Kwa	6
Radish, —Hung Lo Pak Tse	10
Rhubarb (Fresh), —Tai Wong	10
Sage, —Tao So	8
Shallots, —Gon Chong Tau	4
Spinach, —Yin Chai	8
Tomatoes, —Fan Ker	4
Taro, —Wu Tau	4
" Panti, (Long), —Lo Pak	2
" English, —Yeung Lo Pak	2
Vegetable Marrow, —Chit Kwa	12
" (American), —Kam-san Chit Kwa	12
Water Cress, —Sai Young Chai	5
" Lily root, —Lin Ngau	5
Yams, —Ts Shu	5

生口

海鮮

菓子

杏仁

花生

核桃

山梨

蘋果

梨

桃

李子

櫻桃

葡萄

西瓜

甜瓜

蜜瓜

柑

橙

柚子

檸檬

佛手

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

佛手柑

OLYMPIC GAMES.

RESULTS OF EVENTS.

100 Metres (109.36 Yards)

Second Round.

Heat 1.—H. P. Drew (U.S.A.),

1. Kern (Germany), 2. Two yards;

11sec.

Heat 2.—G. H. Patching (South

Africa), 1. R. G. Rice (Great

Britain), 2. Three yards; 10 9-

10sec.

Heat 3.—A. T. Meyer (U.S.A.),

1. D. H. Jacobs (Great Britain),

2. Yard and a half; 10 7-10sec.

Heat 4.—R. C. Craig (U.S.A.),

1. R. Rau (Germany) 2. Two

yards; 10 7-10sec.

Heat 5.—D. F. Lippincott

(U.S.A.), 1. W. R. Applegarth

(Great Britain), 2. Inches; 10

7-10sec.

Heat 6.—F. V. Dolomite (U.S.A.),

1. R. Povey (South Africa), 2.

11-10sec.

Final.

R. C. Craig (U.S.A.)

A. T. Meyer (U.S.A.)

D. F. Lippincott (U.S.A.)

G. H. Patching (South Africa),

Drew (U.S.A.) did not start.

Magnificent race; won by two

feet; inches. Time, 10 4-5sec.

Winner 1908: R. E. Walker,

South Africa, 10 4-5sec.

200 Metres.

Second Round.

Heat 1.—R. C. Craig (U.S.A.),

1. D. H. Jacobs (Great Britain),

2. Yard and a half. 21 4-5sec.

Heat 2.—W. R. Applegarth

(Great Britain), 1. C. B. Wilson

(U.S.A.), 2. 21 9-10sec.

Heat 3.—W. R. Young (U.S.A.),

1. Cooke (U.S.A.), 2. 21 9-10sec.

G. H. Patching (South Africa)

broke down.

Heat 4.—D. F. Lippincott

(U.S.A.), 1. D. M. Millar (Great

Britain) was fifth. 21 4-5sec.

Heat 5.—R. Rau (Germany), 1.

R. Povey (South Africa) was fifth;

A. E. D. Anderson (Great Britain)

gave up. Easily; 22 1-10sec.

Heat 6.—C. D. Reidpath

(U.S.A.), 1. V. H. A. D'Arcy

(Great Britain), 2. R. Duncan

(Great Britain) gave up. 22

1-10sec.

Final.

R. C. Craig (U.S.A.)

D. F. Lippincott (U.S.A.)

W. R. Applegarth (Great

Britain)

W. R. Rau (Germany)

Won by half a yard; a foot;

inches. Time, 21 7-10sec.

Winner 1908: R. Craig,

Canada, 22 2-5sec.

800 Metres (874.89 Yards)

Second Round.

Heat 1.—J. E. Meredith (U.S.

A.), 1. H. Braun (Germany) 2;

M. W. Sheppard (U.S.A.), 3; H.

N. Putnam (U.S.A.), 4. Eight

yards; half a yard. Mann (Great

COMMERCIAL.

Shanghai Tramways.
The returns of the Shanghai Tramways (Foreign Settlement) for the week ended August 14 are as under:—

	1912.	1911.
Effective receipts (after deducting loss by exchange)	16,242.20	11,033.55.
Passengers carried	841,315	562,575

Our miles run... 54,257 43,447

The loss by Exchange of subsidiary coinage for the week was equal to 24.00 per cent. of the gross cash collected on the cars as compared with 23.78 per cent. for the corresponding week last year.

Chinese Tea Prices.

According to the Hankow correspondent of the Agency d'Extreme-Orient, it is almost certain that the price of Chinese tea will go up this year, owing to the fact that the revolution has been the means of ruining nearly all the banks that were in the habit of advancing money for the exportation of this article. For this reason the small merchants, it is said, will be unable to forward the usual quantity, and the export trade, it is expected, will be diminished to the extent of from 20 to 50 per cent. thereby.

Malacca Rubber Auction.

The following prices were realised at the Auction Mart, Malacca, on August 10:—

Sheet No. 1.....	\$234.80
Sheet No. 2.....	232.65
Scrap crepe	200.00
Bark crepe.....	177.00

Raub Gold Mining Co.

Following is the result of crushing operations at Raub for the four weeks ending 10th inst. —
Bukit Malacca, stone crushed 3,517 tons, gold obtained 694 ounces, average per ton 4.18 dwt.
Bukit Koman, stone crushed 1,808 tons, gold obtained 130 ounces, average per ton 1.44 dwt.

Rubber Companies' Profits.

In Court of Appeal, before the Master of the Rolls, Lord Justice Farwell, and Lord Justice Kennedy, judgment was delivered in an appeal of the United Lankat Plantations Company, Limited, from a decision of Mr. Justice Joyce as to the division of the company's surplus profits between the holders of preference and ordinary shares. Their lordships in allowing the appeal, observed they could not ignore the practice of the Stock Exchange, and it was commonly recognised that preferential stock carried a fixed dividend, and nothing more. Counsel suggested that the action should be remitted to Mr. Justice Joyce to be tried on the other points referring to the validity of the new articles. He (Mr. Justice Joyce) could then deal with the costs. Of course, the costs of the appeal would have to be paid by the plaintiff. The Master of the Rolls said he thought the appellants ought to have the costs of the appeal.

Collapse of the Japanese Rice Ring.

The rice market, which was continually in favour of the "bulls" during the first half of this year, began to turn after June in favour of the "bears." The weather in the doyo season, which is always a source of anxiety, has continued very favourable as far as the rice crop is concerned. The result has been that the rice market has collapsed and quotations have dropped day after day. Mr. Kada, a well-known "bull" who recently made large purchases of Formosan rice, proceeded to sell largely on the Osaka and Tokyo Rice Exchange. This move, combined with the favourable weather, has forced down the price for spot delivery, and a "bull" ring which had continued to buy owing to the higher rate for spot delivery, at last unloaded. This further discouraged buyers on the Rice Exchange, and on the 17th instant quotations on the Osaka Rice Exchange for October delivery dropped to Y.17.85 per koku, the lowest price recorded this year, and a decline of Y.4.04 on the highest rate. It is believed that if the weather continues fine a further decline will be seen. — Japan Chronicle.

Public Auction.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

By Order of the Executors of the Will of the late Mr. H. N. COOPER,

the
VERY VALUABLE LEASE-HOLD PROPERTIES
Situating and Being
Nos. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, and 12,
Mosque Street,
Victoria, Hongkong,
to be sold by
PUBLIC AUCTION
on
FRIDAY,
the 30th day of August, 1912, at
12 o'clock Noon,
in six Lots
by
Messrs. HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers, at their Auction
Rooms at No. 8, Des
Voeux Road, Central.

The Properties consist of:—
Lot 1. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 12 Mosque Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September, 1857 and registered in the Land Office as SUBSECTION 2 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT No. 58 Together with a small strip of ground adjoining intended to be registered in the Land Office as SUBSECTION 1 OF SECTION B OF INLAND LOT No. 58.

Total Area 2,054 square feet or thereabouts.
Proportion of Crown Rent \$4.00 per annum.
Lot 2. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 10 Mosque Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September 1857 and intended to be registered in the Land Office as SUBSECTION 1 OF SECTION A OF SUBSECTION 3 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT No. 58 Together with a small strip of ground adjoining intended to be registered in the Land Office as SUBSECTION 2 OF SECTION B OF INLAND LOT No. 58.

Total Area 2,119 square feet or thereabouts.
Proportion of Crown Rent \$1.12 per annum.
Lot 3. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 8 Mosque Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September 1857 and intended to be registered in the Land Office as THE REMAINING PORTION OF SECTION A OF SUBSECTION 3 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT No. 58 Together with a small strip of ground adjoining intended to be registered in the Land Office as SUBSECTION 3 OF SECTION B OF INLAND LOT No. 58.

Total Area 2,157 square feet or thereabouts.
Proportion of Crown Rent \$1.13 per annum.
Lot 4. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 6 Mosque Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September 1857 and intended to be registered in the Land Office as SECTION B OF SUBSECTION 3 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT No. 58 Together with a small strip of ground adjoining intended to be registered in the Land Office as SECTION B OF INLAND LOT No. 58.

Total Area 2,180 square feet or thereabouts.
Proportion of Crown Rent \$1.20 per annum.
Lot 5. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 4 Mosque Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 1st September 1857 and intended to be registered in the Land Office as SECTION C OF SUBSECTION 3 OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT No. 58 Together with a small strip of ground adjoining intended to be registered in the Land Office as SUBSECTION 5 OF SECTION B OF INLAND LOT No. 58.

Total Area 2,168 square feet or thereabouts.
Proportion of Crown Rent \$1.28 per annum.

Lot 6. The piece of ground and premises thereon known as No. 2 Mosque Street with the appurtenances thereto held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the

1st September 1857 and intended to be registered in the Land Office as THE REMAINING PORTION OF SUBSECTION 3 (or THE REMAINING PORTION) OF SECTION A OF INLAND LOT No. 58 Together with a small strip of ground adjoining intended to be registered in the Land Office as THE REMAINING PORTION OF SECTION B OF INLAND LOT No. 58.

Total Area 2,851 square feet or thereabouts.
Proportion of Crown Rent \$1.03 per annum.

The Properties are sold subject to the right of way of adjoining owners along the basement floors on the south side thereof.

The Sale Plan showing the above mentioned Lots may be inspected before the Sale either at the office of
Messrs. DEACON, LOOKER AND DEACON,
1, Des Voeux Road, Central,
Vendor's Solicitors,
or at the Office of
Messrs. HUGHES & HOUGH,
The Auctioneers.

Hongkong 3rd Aug. 1912. (571)

Notices

NOTICE.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

THE DIVIDEND DECLARED for the Half-Year ending 30th June, 1912, at the rate of TWO POUNDS STERLING per Share of \$125 is Payable on and after MONDAY, the 19th August, Current, at the Office of the Corporation, where Shareholders are requested to apply for Warrants.

By Order of the Court of Directors,
N. J. STARR,
Chief Manager.

Hongkong 17th Aug. 1912. [598]

NOTICE.

ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE will re-open after the Mid-Summer holidays on the 21st inst. at 8.30 a.m. Boarders are expected to return on the 20th inst.
Hongkong, 16th Aug. 1912. [596]

Consignees

"BEN" LINE OF STEAMERS.
NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

S.S. "BENALDER,"
FROM LEITH, LONDON
& STRAITS.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns and/or extra Godowns of the 11 Godowns and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Ltd., where and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 24th inst. will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 31st inst., or they will not be recognized.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 24th inst. at 11 a.m.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO.,
Agents.

Hongkong, 17th Aug. 1912. [597]

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.
S.S. "PERSIA,"
FROM SAN FRANCISCO, JAPAN
PORTS & SHANGHAI.

The above mentioned vessel having arrived Consignees of cargo are hereby notified to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature and take delivery of cargo from alongside. Cargo impeding discharge will be landed immediately at consignees' risk and expense.

Cargo remaining on board after MONDAY, August 19th at 5 p.m. will be landed at consignees' risk and expense and delivery must then be taken from the Company's Godown.

Cargo remaining undelivered FRIDAY, August 23rd at Noon, will be subject to storage and landing charges. No Fire Insurance whatever will be effected.

All chafed and otherwise damaged cargo will be examined at the above Company's Godown WEDNESDAY August 21st, 1912, at 10 a.m.

All claims must be filed on or before September 10th, otherwise they will not be recognized.
FRED J. HALTON,
Agent.

Hongkong, 14th Aug. 1912. [585]

Banks

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

Head Office—60, Wall Street, New York.
London Office—30, Bishopsgate, E.C.

BRANCHES:—
Bombay, Calcutta, Canton, Cebu, Colon, Hankow, Hongkong, Kobe, Manila, Mexico, Panama, Peking, San Francisco, Shanghai, Yokohama.

Capital and Reserve \$1,000,000
Deposits received, fixed for one year at 4 per cent., or for shorter periods, at rates, which may be ascertained on application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT AND DRAFTS granted on all the principal cities in the world.
THE BANKS CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT are available all over the world.

COMMERCIAL LETTERS OF CREDIT issued for the purchase and sale of Stocks and Shares.

TRAVELLERS CHECKS sold and cashed.
GEORGE HOGG,
Manager.

9, Queen's Road, Hongkong.
Hongkong, 20th July, 1912. [19]

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

Established 1880.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL Yen 49,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL 30,000,000
RESERVE FUND 17,000,000

Head Office—YOKOHAMA.

Branches:—
Antung-Hsien, Nagasaki, Newchwang, New York, Osaka, Peking, Ryojin Port (Amoy), San Francisco, Shanghai, Tientsin, Tokyo.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON CURRENT ACCOUNT.

Deposits received for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application.
TAKEO TAKAMICHI,
Manager.

Hongkong, 1st April, 1912. [18]

To Sail

FOR CALCUTTA, PENANG AND SINGAPORE.

(Taking cargo on Through Bills of Lading to Rangoon, Madras, and Manilla).

THE Steamship

"DILWARA,"

Capt. W. J. Bishop, will be despatched as above on WEDNESDAY, the 21st inst., at 1 p.m.

For further particulars apply to
DAVID SASSOON & Co., Ltd.,
Agents.

Hongkong, 19th Aug. 1912. [584]

Regular Steamship Service

With Liberty to call at the Malabar Coast.

PROPOSED SAILING FROM HONGKONG.

FOR NEW YORK.

S.S. "ATHOLL" ... On or about 23rd August.

FOR BOSTON AND NEW YORK.

S.S. "DACK" ... On or about 19th September.

For Freight and further information, apply to
DODWELL & CO., LTD.,
Agents.

Hongkong, 7th Aug. 1912. [585]

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINE

FOR BOSTON AND NEW YORK.

THE Steamship

"AMERICA,"

Capt. W. Faass, will be despatched as above on or about the 31st August, 1912.

For freight apply to
HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINE,
Hongkong Office.

Hongkong, 27th July, 1912. [586]

Hongkong-New York.

AMERICAN ASIATIC S.S. CO.

FOR NEW YORK VIA SUEZ CANAL.

(With liberty to call at the Malabar Coast.)

S.S. "INVERCLYDE"

on or about 10th September, 1912.

For Freight and further information apply to
SHEWAN TOMES & Co.,
General Agents.

Hongkong, 23rd July, 1912. [587]

Banks

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL \$1,000,000
RESERVE FUND 1,200,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS 1,200,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS:
F. H. ARMSTRONG, Esq., Chairman.
Andrew Forbes, Esq., J. E. Macdonald, Esq., G. F. Smith, Esq., W. L. Patterson, Esq., G. S. Gubbay, Esq., Hon. Mr. C. H. Ross, G. R. Laurens, Esq., H. A. Siebe, Esq., F. Lieb, Esq.

CHIEF MANAGER:
HONGKONG—N. J. STARR.
SHANGHAI—A. G. STEPHEN.
LONDON BANKERS—LONDON COUNTY AND WESTMINSTER BANK LIMITED.

HONGKONG—INTEREST ALLOWED.
On Current Accounts at the rate of 1 per cent. on the minimum monthly balance at 25 p.m. per annum.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS:
For 3 months, 104 per cent. per annum.
For 6 months, 106 per cent. per annum.
For 12 months, 108 per cent. per annum.
N. J. STARR, Chief Manager.

HONGKONG SAVING BANK.

THE Business of the above Bank is

conducted by the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be obtained on application.

INTEREST ON DEPOSITS is allowed on the minimum monthly balance at 25 p.m. per annum.

Depositors may transfer at their option balances of \$100 or more to the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank to be placed on FIXED DEPOSIT at 4 per cent. per annum.

For the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION,
N. J. STARR, Chief Manager.

Banks

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL \$1,000,000
RESERVE FUND 1,200,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS 1,200,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS:
F. H. ARMSTRONG, Esq., Chairman.
Andrew Forbes, Esq., J. E. Macdonald, Esq., G. F. Smith, Esq., W. L. Patterson, Esq., G. S. Gubbay, Esq., Hon. Mr. C. H. Ross, G. R. Laurens, Esq., H. A. Siebe, Esq., F. Lieb, Esq.

CHIEF MANAGER:
HONGKONG—N. J. STARR.
SHANGHAI—A. G. STEPHEN.
LONDON BANKERS—LONDON COUNTY AND WESTMINSTER BANK LIMITED.

HONGKONG—INTEREST ALLOWED.
On Current Accounts at the rate of 1 per cent. on the minimum monthly balance at 25 p.m. per annum.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS:
For 3 months, 104 per cent. per annum.
For 6 months, 106 per cent. per annum.
For 12 months, 108 per cent. per annum.
N. J. STARR, Chief Manager.

HONGKONG SAVING BANK.

THE Business of the above Bank is

conducted by the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be obtained on application.

INTEREST ON DEPOSITS is allowed on the minimum monthly balance at 25 p.m. per annum.

Depositors may transfer at their option balances of \$100 or more to the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank to be placed on FIXED DEPOSIT at 4 per cent. per annum.

For the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION,
N. J. STARR, Chief Manager.

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER 1855.

HEAD OFFICE—LONDON.

PAID-UP CAPITAL £1,200,000

RESERVE FUND £1,800,000

RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS £1,200,000

FOREIGN EXCHANGE and General Banking business transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and **FIXED DEPOSITS** received for 1 year or shorter periods at rates which will be quoted on application.

Wm. DICKSON,
Manager.

Hongkong, 14th April, 1912. [22]

DEUTSCH ASIATISCHE BANK.

CAPITAL FULLY PAID-UP.....\$5,000,000

HEAD OFFICE—SHANGHAI.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS—BRUNNEN.

BRANCHES:—
Berlin, Calcutta, Canton, Hankow, Harbin, Kobe, Peking, Singapore, Tientsin, Tsingtau, Yokohama.

LONDON BANKERS:
Messrs. N. M. Rothschild & Sons
THE UNION OF LONDON AND SHARPS BANK, LIMITED.

DEUTSCHE BANK (BERLIN), LONDON AGENTS.

INTEREST allowed on Current Accounts, **DEPOSITS** received on terms which may be learned on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

R. TIMMERSCHIEDT,
Manager.

Hongkong, 9th Oct. 1911. [2]

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Aut. Paid Capital.....£1,500,000

Surplus 1,125,000

Reserve Fund..... 562,000

HEAD OFFICE:—
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E.C.

BRANCHES:
Bombay, Calcutta, Canton, Hankow, Harbin, Kobe, Peking, Singapore, Tientsin, Tsingtau, Yokohama.

AGENTS IN JAPAN:
Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd.,
BANKERS.
Bank of England,
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Stocks and Shares bought and sold on account of Clients. Letters of Credit granted on Agents and Correspondents all over the world.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance paid on Fixed Deposits at rates which may be learned on application.

F. O. MACDONALD,
Manager.

Exchange

Selling:
T/T 1/11 15/16
Demand 2/-
0 d/s 2/- 1/16
10 d/s 2/- 1/16
1 m/s 2/- 3/16
T/T Shanghai 78 1/2
T/T Singapore 80 1/2
T/T Japan 97 1/2
T/T India 140 1/2
Demand India 180 1/2
Demand Manila 98 1/2
T/T San Francisco and New York 130 1/2
T/T Java 204 1/2
T/T Manila 204 1/2
T/T France 258 1/2

Buying:
1 m/s L/C 2/- 7/16
1 m/s D/P 2/- 9/16
1 m/s L/C 2/- 1/16
10 d/s Sydney & Melbourne 11/16
80 d/s San Francisco & New York 40 1/2
1 m/s Manila 209 1/2
1 m/s France 257 1/2
1 m/s do 259 1/2
Bar Silver, ready forward 38 1/2
last of England rate 9 1/2
Average 25 1/2

Subsidiary Coins:
Discount per \$100:
Chinese 20 cts. pieces \$1
Chinese 10 " \$1
Hongkong 20 " \$1
Hongkong 10 " \$1

Opium Quotation:
Aug. 5.
Malwa, New \$3,125 per pic.
Malwa, Old 3,400 " "
Malwa, V. Old 3,625 " "
Persian, fine quality 1,450 " "
Patna, New 4,000 per cbs.
Patna, Old 3,850 " "
Benares, New 4,000 " "
Benares, Old 3,900 " "

SHARE REPORT.

S-SELLERS B-BUYERS

STOCKS & PAID UP VALUE.

BANKS:
Hongkong & S

